# ELYSYS PROCESSOR TECHNICAL MANUAL 



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## 2-INTRODUCTION

ELESYS is a control board system for lift operation, designed and produced by SMS.
ELESYS system is based on three different boards:

- ELEMPU
- ELEPLUS
- ELEXP

The boards are connected each other with CAN Bus, and there are many possible configurations of ELESYS, depending on how many stops are needed in the installation and the door configuration. At the moment, the maximum number of stops supported is 32.

ELEMPU is the main board, which controls every aspect of lift behaviour, and is equipped with display and button interface to edit parameters and settings. This board is located on the Control Panel.
The connection between Car and Control Panel can be achieved in two different ways:

## - Parallel connection

- Serial connection

In Parallel Connection, ELEMPU manages automatic doors controls, car calls and sensors, so all these signals are wired in the travelling cable. This is the simplest connection, but the number of wires in the travelling cable can be too many, especially for installations with many stops. Installations with reduced stops number can be implemented using only ELEMPU board without expansion boards. (See 4.1-Parallel Car Connection)
ELESYS System supports Serial Connection between the Control Panel and the Car. To implement serial connection ELEPLUS board is mandatory: this board manages all the Car signals and the connection between Car and Control Panel consist in only CAN Bus and Power wires. (See 4.2-Serial Car Connection)

ELEPLUS Board also supports double side automatic doors control and Selective Opening.

| Parallel Connection <br> (ELEMPU Board) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | ELEXP | Max stops |
| Homelift |  | 8 |
| APB |  | 12 |
| Down <br> Collective | 2 | 12 |
|  | 1 | 18 |
|  | 3 | 24 |
|  | 4 | 30 |
|  | 2 | 32 |
|  | 2 | 8 |
|  | 2 | 12 |
|  | 4 | 16 |
|  | 2 | 20 |
|  | 5 | 24 |
|  | 6 | 28 |


| Serial Connection <br> (ELEMPU + ELEPLUS Board) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | ELEXP | Max stops |
| APB |  | 12 |
| Down <br> Collective |  | 12 |
|  | 1 | 24 |
|  | 3 | 32 |
| Full Collective | 2 | 12 |
|  | 3 | 18 |
|  | 6 | 24 |
|  | 2 | 32 |

Another feature of ELESYS system is Multiplex operation, that is supported in either Serial or Parallel connection.

In multiplex operation two or more lifts are coupled to optimize the traffic, and no additional expansion boards are required. At the moment ELESYS supports Duplex, Triplex and Quadruplex operation.

## 3 - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

## 3.1 - ELESYS System General Specifications

Application Software installed on the micro controller, can be upgraded via PC and USB cable.
System configuration and faults diagnostic with on board LCD display interface ( 16 characters on 2 rows) and 6 buttons keyboard.
The parameters are stored permanently in E²PROM memory, even in absence of the supply voltage.

Operating temperature: $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \div 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

The ELESYS system manages the following types of installation:

- Drives
- Traction Lift
- AC 1 speed
- AC 2 speeds
- VVVF (OPEN/CLOSED loop)
- Hydraulic Lift - Direct Starting
- Soft Starter Starting (with optional Soft Stop)
- Star-Delta Starting
- HYDROVERT
- Door Types
- Manual
- Semiautomatic (automatic car door and manual landing doors)
- Automatic
- Open or Closed Door Parking
- 1 Entrance or 2 Entrances with Serial car connection.


## - Operations

- Automatic Reset at Top or Bottom Floor at Start Up
- Inspection
- Manual Control (for testing and adjustments)
- Releveling
- Automatic Return at Selected Floor
- Emergency
- VIP call
- Fire-Fighters operation EN81-72 or EN81-73
- Car Positioning System
- Monostable or Bistable Magnetic Switches
- CONTROLS AND PROTECTIONS
- Motor Thermal Protection via Thermistors
- Maximum Travel Time Alarm (separate for High Speed and Low Speed)


## - Standards and Directives

- Lifts Directive
- Harmonized Standards
- EMC Directive
- Harmonized Standards

2014/33/UE
EN81-1 EN81-2
2014/30/UE
EN12015 EN12016

## 3.2 - Description of the Main Operation Phases

ELESYS manages lift operation in different conditions that can occur during service:

- Automatic Service
- Reset Operation
- Inspection Operation
- Manual Control Service
- Releveling
- Automatic Return to Floor
- Emergency Operation
- VIP Call Operation
- Fire-Fighter Operation EN81-72 / EN81-73
- Home Lift Operation


### 3.2.1 - Automatic Service

This is the regular service of the system.
It completely manages the operating logic of the lift, which can be: Automatic Push Button (APB), Down Collective, Full Collective or Home Lift.
At starting, the board checks, via the RC input, that none of the contactors involved in car travel is stuck.
The starting sequence is then initiated by activating the closing of any automatic doors. Door closing is allowed only if all reopening devices (photocell, safety edge, door opening button) are not activated.
The board is informed when doors are closed by the closing of the car door contact (safety chain input SC4); there is no input for the door closing limit switch, which must be connected, if present, in series with the closing contactor coil.
When doors are closed, with a small adjustable delay to allow the complete mechanical closing (see function F52 ), the CAM output is enabled to activate any retiring cam; subsequently, after the landing door locked contact closing (safety chain input SC5), the actual starting is commanded and, except for special cases, it always is in high speed, with the activation of the outputs Up AU or Down AD, and High Speed HS at the same time.
The lift slows down by activating the Low Speed output LS and de-activating High Speed output HS.
The stop at floor takes place by opening LS. The opening of AU/AD may be simultaneous with LS (for 2speeds or hydraulic systems), or it can be appropriately delayed for systems with VVVF drive.
The delay can be programmed through an internal timer F17, or as an alternative, if VVVF has an output to control contactors, this can be used by connecting it to TDC input (ON during the travel and turns OFF at floor stop after a delay). When motor contactors are switched off, if the car is in the door zone, so if at least one of the two switches USS and DSS is engaged, automatic doors opening is executed.

### 3.2.2 - Reset Operation

The reset operation is carried out automatically by bringing the car to an end floor every time the supply voltage is restored or when returning to normal operation, after inspection operation or after some alarm has tripped (such as the maximum travel time or motor protection with thermistors, etc.).
During reset, the position of the car is not defined, therefore at this stage on display appears the message :

> Floor:

Reset is carried out in different ways, depending on the position of the car and the drive type:

- Car outside the bottom floor slowdown area:
it starts in down direction at high speed and stops when the switch DLS opens (1 speed lift) or slows down when DLS opens and stops with the opening of USS and DSS (for all the other types of drives).
- Car in the bottom floor slowdown area but not at floor level:
- 1 or 2 speed lift systems:
it starts moving up at high speed and stops when switch ULS opens ( 1 -speed lift) or slows down when ULS opens and stops when USS and DSS switches are engaged (2 speed lift).
- Hydraulic system or with VVVF drive: it starts moving down at low speed and stops at bottom floor when USS and DSS switches are engaged.
When the car stops at the end floor and opens the doors, the car position is reset.
Even during Automatic Service, every time the car reaches an end floor, it is always forced to slow down and the current car position is updated.


### 3.2.3 - Inspection Operation

During the inspection operation, the maintenance worker on car roof controls its movement in hold to run mode (with permanent pressure of the push-buttons).
The board detects the status of the inspection switch via the input ISQ (ELEMPU) or ISC (ELEPLUS) (ISQ / ISC $=$ OFF $\rightarrow$ inspection service active) and controls the movement direction when the relative inspection push-buttons are activated.
Inspection run can be programmed at high or low speed, if the high speed is set and the motor drive is by VVVF, it is always commanded a medium speed level anyway.
In inspection mode the elevator stops on ULS, DLS limit switches if parameter F61 = YES.
Disabling Inspection Operation, the system returns in Automatic Service after a Reset Operation.

### 3.2.4 - Manual Control Service

In the manual control service, the maintenance worker can control the movement of the car from the control panel, while normal calls and the opening of the doors are disabled.
The service is activated through the keys on the board, by selecting on the display the menu 2 THीUPL. MODE, with the car stopped at floor level.
If the safety chain is closed, the keys $\uparrow$ and $\downarrow$ control (up and down respectively) car starting, which moves at High Speed as long as the button is pressed.
When the button is released, the car keeps on moving at high speed until it reaches the first slowdown zone, where slows down and stops at the corresponding floor.
If the button opposite to the direction of travel of the car is pressed (e.g. key $\downarrow$ with car moving up), the lift stops immediately.

To return to automatic operation, you must press the ESC key.

### 3.2.5-Releveling

It is the operation that allows the car to return within the stop zone, both in up and down direction.
Provide a Safety Circuit (CS) in the Control Panel that bypasses the Safety Chain Door Contacts when the car is located within the door zone, and enables the releveling operation with the doors open by activating REL input. The board enables the releveling if the car has stopped for at least 3 seconds, it is positioned between the door zone, and the REL input is active.
In this condition, if the car moves below USS, keeping DSS engaged, the AU (Run Up) command is activated whereas if the car rises above DSS, keeping USS engaged, the AD (Run Down) command is activated.
The movement is controlled at Low Speed if the drive is F04: 2 SPEEDS or HYDRAULIC.
If the drive type is set to VVVF, a different level of speed HS + LS is commanded: that speed must be programmed correctly on the VVVF itself.

For more information on how to connect the Safety Circuit with ELEMPU board see 5.5.1 - Positioning and Releveling .
Releveling operation is disabled in Inspection and Emergency operation and also when the safety input SC3 is open, but it remains active during out of service because of the memorized opening of the overtravel switch (safety chain input SC2), on the condition that the overtravel switch has closed in the meantime.

### 3.2.6 - Automatic Return to Floor

The car return to a floor is controlled when the car has no command active, after a programmable time F28 (maximum 15 minutes); such control is different for Traction lifts (1 speed, 2 speed or VVVF), or Hydraulic.
For Traction systems, automatic return is executed only if enabled by F13, at the floor programmed by F14.
For Hydraulic systems, car return is always executed and the return floor is the bottom floor.
The automatic return is only activated during normal function; when the car stops at the programmed return floor, the doors do not open.

### 3.2.7 - Emergency Operation

Emergency operation brings the car at floor when the mains voltage turns off; the operation is activated when the emergency input ROP closes, and Function F36-Emergency Floor defines the operation mode (See 8.3 - Functions)
a) F36 = Next Floor - Recommended setting for traction lifts

5 seconds after activating ROP, the board commands the car to go down at low speed.
The car stops at the first stop zone (i.e. when USS and DSS are both engaged), the automatic doors open and when fully open no other operation are executed.
b) F36 = Bottom floor - Recommended setting for hydraulic lifts

5 seconds after activating ROP, the car goes down at high speed to the bottom floor. On arriving at the down limit switch DLS it slows and stops at the floor, the automatic doors open and any further operation is prevented.
In both cases, when the ROP input returns to OFF, the system performs a Reset Operation and returns to service.
Programmable output EME is turned ON during all the emergency operation; for automatic or semiautomatic doors, after reaching the destination floor and opening the doors, this output switches OFF. (5.6 Programmable Outputs)

### 3.2.8 - VIP Call Operation

The VIP call floor is provided with a key switch (VIC input).
When the key is inserted VIC = ON, all commands and the existing calls are cancelled, and it is no longer possible to enable other commands.
The car reaches as fast as possible the programmable VIP call floor F15:
a) if the car is stopped, it immediately moves to the VIP call floor.
b) if the car is moving in the same direction as that required by VIP call, it keeps on moving until reaching the VIP call floor.
c) if the car is running in the opposite direction to that requested by VIP call, it slows down and stops at the first floor reached, without opening the doors and, after 2 seconds, it starts moving in the direction of the VIP call.
When the car reaches the floor, if the VIC input stays ON, only car calls can be used and one at a time: in this way, the preferential user can reach the desired floors without the lift being called by another person.
During this operation, the lift parks with doors open.
The normal operation of the lift is restored when the key is removed and the VIC input turns OFF.

### 3.2.9 - Fire-Fighter Operation EN81-72 / EN81-73

ELESYS supports Fire-fighter Operation in two operation modes, selectable through F44 parameter:

- EN81-73, Behavior of lifts in the event of fire (applies to all lift systems)
- EN81-72, Fire fighters lifts (special lifts designed for Fire fighters rescue)

If None is selected, fire-fighter operation inputs are ignored.
Both operations provide a first phase, indicated in the Standards as Phase 1, in which the system brings the car to a programmable floor and opens the doors.
In particular:
a) if the car is still, it immediately leaves towards the fire-fighter floor.
b) if the car is running in the programmed fire-fighter floor direction, it continues the run until it reaches the destination.
c) if the car is running in the opposite direction, it slows down and stops at the first floor it encounters, and without opening the doors it starts again for the fire-fighter floor.

If the lift is built-up in compliance to EN81-72 Standards, there is a second phase, called Phase 2, in which the fire-fighters may move the car under their own exclusive control.

For more detailed information, please refer to the Standards

For Fire-Fighter Operation management the following inputs are involved:

- On ELEMPU Board


## FO - Fire-Fighter Operation Activation Contact

It can be a key switch at the fire-fighter floor, or the contact of an automatic fire detection system. Input status must be ON with firefighter operation Not Active (Normally Closed contact). When the input turns OFF, the fire-fighter operation is activated, bringing the car at the floor defined by Function F45 FireFighters Floor 1.

## EKF - Key Switch External To The Car

Activates Phase 2 of fire-fighter operation, type EN81-72, to allow firefighters to move the car towards a designated floor.
As defined in point 5.8 .8 g ) of the Standards, if the key is removed when the car is at a different floor than the designated one, it closes the doors and goes to the designated floor.
Input status must be OFF with Phase 2 Not Active (Normally Open contact).

## VIC - Additional External Control

Brings the car to the designated fire-fighter floor, with lift compliant to EN81-72, after the designated floor has first been reached, then left for an operation controlled by a fire-fighter in the car. This option is described at point 5.8.2 of the Standards. Input status must be OFF with Non Active operation (Normally Open contact).

- On ELEPLUS Board


## IKF - Key Switch In The Car

Activates Phase 2 of fire-fighter operation type EN81-72, to allow firefighters to move the car towards a designated floor.
As defined in points 5.8 .8 g - and h ) of the Standards, it has priority compared to the external switch, and if the key is removed when the car is at a different floor than the designated one, it closes the doors and remains still.
Input status must be OFF with Phase 2 Not Active (Normally Open contact).
IPA - Key Switch At Floor
Used as request for Fire-Fighter Operation, with arrival of the car at the floor defined by Function F46 FireFighter Floor 2.
Input status must be OFF to activate firefighter operation (Normally Closed contact).

## Moreover:

## ODB - The Door Opening Push Button

Operates in Phase 1 and in Phase 2 of the EN81-72 operation for opening of the car doors, as indicated in points 5.8 .7 b - and 5.8 .8 e ) of the Standards.
Also it can be activated at the end of Phase 1 of the EN81-73 operation as door opening push button, in the countries where car parking with doors open is not permitted, as indicated in point 5.3.5 of the Standards. Programming F47 Door Closing Phase 1 to Yes, after 20 seconds from arrival of the car to the designated floor, the doors close automatically and can be re-opened by pressing the ODB push button. If the operation is type EN81-72 or if the F47 value is set on No, this function is not active and at the end of Phase 1 the doors remain open.
Input status must be ON in case of Non Activated push button, as for the normal operation (Normally Closed contact).
In case of return of the activation inputs to normal conditions, the system can return to normal operation only if it has been brought back to the firefighter floor from which the operation started (Point 5.8 .8 m of the Standards).

- F45 - F46

Function F45 is the designated Fire-Fighters floor n. 1, activated by the FO input, prior compared to IPA, which is instead relative to the F46 function, designated fire-fighters floor n. 2.
The programmable value in F45 and F46 goes from 0 to the top floor, but 0 defines the "not leaving" of the car during Phase 1, meaning the opening of the doors directly at the floor in which the lift is stopped. This means that if you want to bring the lift to floor 0 , actually you need to set for example F45 $=1$. More generally, when the lift needs to be brought to a specific floor, set this value at the floor number plus 1.

### 3.2.10 - Home Lift Operation

This operation is for managing commands on the load support and landing calls according to EN81-41 regulations.

The buttons located on the platform, which are used to control the movement from the platform, are depending upon "hold to run".
The landing call buttons, which are used to control the movement from the floors, are not "hold to run", the call is memorized like APB Operation.

Calls cannot be registered from floors if the platform is not at a defined floor.

## 3.3 - Diagnostic and Programming

On the ELEMPU board is installed an LCD DISPLAY (16 characters on 2 rows) and 6 KEYS (ESC, $\leftarrow, \rightarrow, \downarrow, \uparrow, O K$ ).


During the operation, the display shows a Status Page, which shows the operating status of the system. In the status page is always displayed:

- The floor where the car is:

The displayed floor number depends on the main floor setting (F02): this is normally displayed as DD , the upper floors from 61 up, while the lower floors as -1 , -2 , etc.
It shows --..- during reset.
By setting F54 it is possible to change the main floor appearance (See 8.3-Functions).

- The state of the lift, for example:
- Normal Operation
- Manual Service Control

लीTO
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BES
THS
EnE

- The sub-state, the current operation:
- Direction and Speed Level
- Door Status
- Other information
- Examples of status pages

HS, LS, UF, Doum
Dour Dren, Openine, Closed, Closine
Fel evel ine


Reset


Direction and Speed Level


由im Mom mio.

Inspection


Key Functions

| KEY | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| OK | Enters the Programming / Diagnostics mode <br> Saves the value of the newly modified function |
| $\boldsymbol{\uparrow}$ | Go to the next function <br> Increase the value of the selected function |
| $\downarrow$ | Go to the previous function <br> Decrease the value of the selected function. |
| $\boldsymbol{\text { Undo when editing a value, }}$Move the cursor to the left in edit mode |  |
| $\boldsymbol{\rightarrow}$ | Start changing a function <br> Move the cursor to the right in edit mode |
| ESC | Exit the Programming / Diagnostics mode |

Press the OK button with the lift stopped to enter the Selection Menu, if they are no active priority operations such as inspection, emergency, out of service.

## Selection Menu

This menu allows the selection of various sub-menus.


Use the keys $\downarrow$ and $\uparrow$ to navigate the menu, and OK button to choose the desired option according to the blinking cursor.

To access all submenu (except Diagnostics) it is necessary to enter an 8 digit Access Code.



SMS supplies the ELEMPU boards programmed with Access Code $\mathbf{= 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0}$. The user can choose to modify it as needed after the first access (See 3.3.5-Access).
To enter the code, use keys $\leftarrow, \rightarrow, \downarrow, \uparrow$ as described in the preceding Table Key Functions.
By pressing OK, if the code is correct it enters the selected menu; instead the display continues blinking and it is possible to return in normal operation by pressing ESC.
After entering a correct Access Code, access is granted for 30 minutes without re-entering it, even if you exit or change the menu.

### 3.3.2 - Diagnostics

By accessing this menu, the total number of stored alarms is shown on the display:


If there are one or more alarms, press OK to display the numeric code of the first alarm E---", followed by a brief description, the Date and Time when the alarm was triggered.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { En w } \\ & 1 w_{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Triw } 1 \\ 1=0.0 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |

By pressing key $\boldsymbol{\rightarrow}$ it is possible to see the number of registration and the total number of alarms.


Alarms are displayed in the order in which they took place, starting from the most recent, with a maximum of 32 events: the 33rd alarm onwards deletes the oldest occurrence.
Press $\uparrow$ to skip to the next alarm. If there is no other alarm, the first alarm will be displayed.
To clear all the alarms press the keys $\leftarrow$ and $\rightarrow$ simultaneously.
To exit the Diagnostics menu, press ESC.
If an alarm occurs, causing the lift to go Out of Service, the display automatically shows the alarm code, that flashes until normal operation is restored:


As indicated above the $\leftarrow$ and $\boldsymbol{\rightarrow}$ buttons delete all the alarms present, so it is recommended to check them all before returning the lift to service following an out of order alarm.

All possible Alarm Codes are reported in 8.2 - Alarm Codes.

### 3.3.3 - Manual Mode

Provides access to the Manual Control Service, see 3.2.4 - Manual Control Service.

### 3.3.4 - Counters

In this menu, counters status is displayed, providing information on the lift system operation.

| C01 | Number of up travels |
| :---: | :---: |
| C02 | Number of down travels |
| C03 | Number of door openings |
| C04 | Number of door closings |
| C05 | Number of relevellings up |
| C06 | Number of relevellings down |
|  | wum tram: $=$ Eg |

By selecting for example C02, you will display the number of down travels carried out by the lift:
The number is incremented every 100 travels and for this reason the value displayed is always a multiple of 100 . To reset the count, press both buttons $\leftarrow$ and $\rightarrow$ simultaneously.

### 3.3.5-Access

In this menu, you can customize the Access Code (after entering the currently valid code) and change the language (Italian , English, Spanish and French).
SMS supplies the ELEMPU boards programmed with Access Code $=00000000$.
Be careful to keep the access code, if you change the default factory setting.
 MESGBES

Use the keys $\leftarrow, \rightarrow, \downarrow, \uparrow$ to change the code, as described in the Table Key Functions and confirm with OK.
To change the language, from the previous screen press $\downarrow$.

## Mz: Ensi i=h

Now press the $\boldsymbol{\rightarrow}$, then $\boldsymbol{\downarrow}$ to select the desired language and confirm with OK.

### 3.3.6 - Functions

This menu allows ELESYS system configuration, that is for example to insert the specific installation data, choose among the different operation modes, and edit specific timing.
All the Functions, with the available settings and the default values are listed in 8.3 - Functions.
Example F01: Top Floor
Set the highest floor number, in this case 11.
Press $\downarrow$ and $\uparrow$ to select between the different functions.
Press $\rightarrow$ to edit the current function value, that will start to flash on the bottom line of the display.
Press $\downarrow$ or $\uparrow$ to increase or decrease the value of the function.
Press $\leftarrow$ or $\boldsymbol{\rightarrow}$ to move the cursor to the next or previous digit, if it is a numeric type function.
Press OK to save the value or press $\leftarrow$ to undo the change; the value will stop blinking.

### 3.3.7-Settings

This menu allows to set the current date and time, in order to manage alarm history:


Use the keys $\leftarrow, \rightarrow, \downarrow, \uparrow$ to change the code, as described in the Table Key Functions, press OK to save changes.

Date and the time are saved and updated even without power, thanks to a battery powered internal clock. it is also possible to set:

| Setting | Description | Location | Default |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S02 | Output OS setting | M7, terminal 1 | OS |
| S03 | Output SBY setting | M7, terminal 2 | NDS |
| S04 | Output EME setting | M7, terminal 3 | EME |
| S05 | Output LEV setting | M7, terminal 4 | LEV |
| S06 | Output EA3 setting | M7, terminal 5 | NUS |
| S07 | Output OP1 setting | M7, terminal 6 | GONG |
| S08 | Output OP2 setting | M7, terminal 4 | CAM |
| S09 | Output contact <br> OC1-OC2 setting | M11, terminals 1 and 2 | EC |
| S10 | Display 485 | CN1 | No |
| S11 | Input open door <br> button N.O. | M7, terminal 5 (A31) for parallel car connection <br> ELEPLUS M3, terminal 7 (ODB) for serial car <br> connection | N.C. |
| S12 | Input photocell <br> N.O. | M4, terminal 8 (IP1) for parallel car connection <br> ELEPLUS M4, terminal 1 (PE1) and 2 (PE2) for serial <br> car connection | N.C. |

For ELEMPU Programmable Outputs by setting S02-S11 (See 5.6 - Programmable Outputs).

## 4 - BOARD CONFIGURATIONS

## 4.1 - Parallel Car Connection

In this configuration, all boards are located in the Control Panel.
ELEMPU board manages all car signals, that have to be wired from Control Panel to the Car via travelling cables.
ELEMPU alone without ELEXP boards (set F51 to No) can be used for maximum 12 floors installations, depending on the operation mode.

| Parallel Connection (ELEMPU Board) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | ELEXP | Max stops |
| Homelift |  | 8 |
| APB |  | 12 |
| Down Collective |  | 12 |
|  | 1 | 18 |
|  | 2 | 24 |
|  | 3 | 30 |
|  | 4 | 32 |
| Full Collective |  | 8 |
|  | 1 | 12 |
|  | 2 | 16 |
|  | 3 | 20 |
|  | 4 | 24 |
|  | 5 | 28 |
|  | 6 | 32 |



## Table 1

The user can add ELEXP boards to expand ELEMPU I/O to support installation with higher stop number, as shown on the table, up to 32 floors (set F51 to Calls only).
The boards are connected via CAN Bus, and every ELEXP board should be programmed with the correct address by operating the SW2 dipswitch: see 8.6.2-Board Address for more information.
In the next pages there are some tables that shows how to connect Landing Calls and Car Calls for every combination of ELEMPU, ELEPLUS and ELEXP, depending on Operation Mode F03 and Top Floor F01.
Each Car or Landing Call terminal is both a board input for a pushbutton and output for a signal, that assumes two different meaning:

- Car Incoming at n-th floor in APB operation
- Call Registered in case of Collective operation.

As shown in Figure 1, only one wire is required for the connection of a call button and the related signal.
See $\mathbf{0}$
Electrical Specification for further electrical information.
For Down Collective operation, Landing Calls above the main floor are Down Calls, Up Calls otherwise. Set the main floor with function F02.
For every configuration of F03, the maximum number of stops supported is reported, and also the board address for every expansion board.

| Home Lift 8 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M2 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | U00 | K/L 00 |
|  | U01 | K/L 01 |
|  | U02 | K/L 02 |
|  | U03 | K/L 03 |
|  | U04 | K/L 04 |
|  | U05 | K/L 05 |
|  | U06 | K/L 06 |
|  | U07 | K/L 07 |
|  | U08 | C/L 00 |
|  | U09 | C/L 01 |
|  | U10 | C/L 02 |
|  | U11 | C/L 03 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | D00 | C/L 04 |
|  | D01 | C/L 05 |
|  | D02 | C/L 06 |
|  | D03 | C/L 07 |
|  | D04 | LP 00 |
|  | D05 | LP 01 |
|  | D06 | LP 02 |
|  | D07 | LP 03 |
|  | D08 | LP 04 |
|  | D09 | LP 05 |
|  | D10 | LP 06 |
|  | D11 | LP 07 |


| Automatic Push Button 12 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M2 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | U00 | K+C/L 00 |
|  | U01 | K+C/L 01 |
|  | U02 | K+C/L 02 |
|  | U03 | K+C/L 03 |
|  | U04 | K+C/L 04 |
|  | U05 | K+C/L 05 |
|  | U06 | K+C/L 06 |
|  | U07 | K+C/L 07 |
|  | U08 | K+C/L 08 |
|  | U09 | K+C/L 09 |
|  | U10 | K+C/L 10 |
|  | U11 | K+C/L 11 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | D00 | LP 00 |
|  | D01 | LP 01 |
|  | D02 | LP 02 |
|  | D03 | LP 03 |
|  | D04 | LP 04 |
|  | D05 | LP 05 |
|  | D06 | LP 06 |
|  | D07 | LP 07 |
|  | D08 | LP 08 |
|  | D09 | LP 09 |
|  | D10 | LP 10 |
|  | D11 | LP 11 |


| Down Collective 12 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M2 <br> ELEMPU | U00 | K/L 00 |
|  | U01 | K/L 01 |
|  | U02 | K/L 02 |
|  | U03 | K/L 03 |
|  | U04 | K/L 04 |
|  | U05 | K/L 05 |
|  | U06 | K/L 06 |
|  | U07 | K/L 07 |
|  | U08 | K/L 08 |
|  | U09 | K/L 09 |
|  | U10 | K/L 10 |
|  | U11 | K/L 11 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | D00 | C/L 00 |
|  | D01 | C/L 01 |
|  | D02 | C/L 02 |
|  | D03 | C/L 03 |
|  | D04 | C/L 04 |
|  | D05 | C/L 05 |
|  | D06 | C/L 06 |
|  | D07 | C/L 07 |
|  | D08 | C/L 08 |
|  | D09 | C/L 09 |
|  | D10 | C/L 10 |
|  | D11 | C/L 11 |


| Full Collective 8 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M2 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | U00 | U/L 00 |
|  | U01 | U/L 01 |
|  | U02 | U/L 02 |
|  | U03 | U/L 03 |
|  | U04 | U/L 04 |
|  | U05 | U/L 05 |
|  | U06 | U/L 06 |
|  | U07 | X |
|  | U08 | X |
|  | U09 | D/L 01 |
|  | U10 | D/L 02 |
|  | U11 | D/L 03 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | D00 | D/L 04 |
|  | D01 | D/L 05 |
|  | D02 | D/L 06 |
|  | D03 | D/L 07 |
|  | D04 | K/L 00 |
|  | D05 | K/L 01 |
|  | D06 | K/L 02 |
|  | D07 | K/L 03 |
|  | D08 | K/L 04 |
|  | D09 | K/L 05 |
|  | D10 | K/L 06 |
|  | D11 | K/L 07 |


| C/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Landing Call |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{K / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Car Call |
| K+C/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Car and Landing Call in APB Parallel <br> connection (see Examples) |
| D/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Down Call in Full Collective operation |
| $\mathbf{U / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Up Call in Full Collective Operation |
| $\mathbf{L P ~ n}$ | Car position (1 signal for every floor) |

For F03 = Down Collective and F03 = Full Collective only 32 stops configuration is shown. Add as many ELEXP board as needed to support the correct number of stops. For example in a 20 floors installation only 2 ELEXP are needed, one programmed with address 0 and one with address 1.

| Down Collective 18 (1 ELEXP), 24(2 ELEXP), 30(3 ELEXP), 32(4 ELEXP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M2 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | U00 | K/L 00 |  | C00 | K/L 12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=2 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | K/L 24 |
|  | U01 | K/L 01 |  | C01 | K/L 13 |  | C01 | K/L 25 |
|  | U02 | K/L 02 |  | C02 | K/L 14 |  | C02 | K/L 26 |
|  | U03 | K/L 03 |  | C03 | K/L 15 |  | C03 | K/L 27 |
|  | U04 | K/L 04 |  | C04 | K/L 16 |  | C04 | K/L 28 |
|  | U05 | K/L 05 |  | C05 | K/L 17 |  | C05 | K/L 29 |
|  | U06 | K/L 06 |  | C06 | C/L 12 |  | C06 | C/L 24 |
|  | U07 | K/L 07 |  | C07 | C/L 13 |  | C07 | C/L 25 |
|  | U08 | K/L 08 |  | C08 | C/L 14 |  | C08 | C/L 26 |
|  | U09 | K/L 09 |  | C09 | C/L 15 |  | C09 | C/L 27 |
|  | U10 | K/L 10 |  | C10 | C/L 16 |  | C10 | C/L 28 |
|  | U11 | K/L 11 |  | C11 | C/L 17 |  | C11 | C/L 29 |
| M3 <br> ELEMPU | D00 | C/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr = } 1 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | K/L 18 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=3 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | K/L 30 |
|  | D01 | C/L 01 |  | C01 | K/L 19 |  | C01 | K/L 31 |
|  | D02 | C/L 02 |  | C02 | K/L 20 |  | C02 | X |
|  | D03 | C/L 03 |  | C03 | K/L 21 |  | C03 | X |
|  | D04 | C/L 04 |  | C04 | K/L 22 |  | C04 | X |
|  | D05 | C/L 05 |  | C05 | K/L 23 |  | C05 | X |
|  | D06 | C/L 06 |  | C06 | C/L 18 |  | C06 | C/L 30 |
|  | D07 | C/L 07 |  | C07 | C/L 19 |  | C07 | C/L 31 |
|  | D08 | C/L 08 |  | C08 | C/L 20 |  | C08 | X |
|  | D09 | C/L 09 |  | C09 | C/L 21 |  | C09 | X |
|  | D10 | C/L 10 |  | C10 | C/L 22 |  | C10 | X |
|  | D11 | C/L 11 |  | C11 | C/L 23 |  | C11 | X |


| C/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Landing Call |
| :---: | :--- |
| K/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Car Call |
| K+C/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Car and Landing Call in APB Parallel <br> connection (see Examples) |
| D/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Down Call in Full Collective operation |
| $\mathbf{U / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Up Call in Full Collective Operation |
| $\mathbf{L P} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Car position (1 signal for every floor) |


| Full Collective 12 (1 ELEXP), 16(2 ELEXP), 20(3 ELEXP), 24(4 ELEXP), 28(5 ELEXP), 32(6 ELEXP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M3 <br> ELEMPU | U00 | U/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | COO | K/L 08 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \end{gathered}$ <br> (2) | C00 | K/L 16 | M3 ELEXP <br> (4) | C00 | K/L 24 |
|  | U01 | U/L 01 |  | C01 | K/L 09 |  | C01 | K/L 17 |  | C01 | K/L 25 |
|  | U02 | U/L 02 |  | C02 | K/L 10 |  | C02 | K/L 18 |  | C02 | K/L 26 |
|  | U03 | U/L 03 |  | C03 | K/L 11 |  | C03 | K/L 19 |  | C03 | K/L 27 |
|  | U04 | U/L 04 |  | C04 | U/L 08 |  | C04 | U/L 16 |  | C04 | U/L 24 |
|  | U05 | U/L 05 |  | C05 | U/L 09 |  | C05 | U/L 17 |  | C05 | U/L 25 |
|  | U06 | U/L 06 |  | C06 | U/L 10 |  | C06 | U/L 18 |  | C06 | U/L 26 |
|  | U07 | U/L 07 |  | C07 | U/L 11 |  | C07 | U/L 19 |  | C07 | U/L 27 |
|  | U08 | X |  | C08 | D/L 08 |  | C08 | D/L 16 |  | C08 | D/L 24 |
|  | U09 | D/L 01 |  | C09 | D/L 09 |  | C09 | D/L 17 |  | C09 | D/L 25 |
|  | U10 | D/L 02 |  | C10 | D/L 10 |  | C10 | D/L 18 |  | C10 | D/L 26 |
|  | U11 | D/L 03 |  | C11 | D/L 11 |  | C11 | D/L 19 |  | C11 | D/L 27 |
| M4 ELEMPU | D00 | D/L 04 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \end{gathered}$ <br> (1) | C00 | K/L 12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \end{gathered}$ <br> (3) | C00 | K/L 20 | M3 ELEXP <br> (5) | C00 | K/L 28 |
|  | D01 | D/L 05 |  | C01 | K/L 13 |  | C01 | K/L 21 |  | C01 | K/L 29 |
|  | D02 | D/L 06 |  | C02 | K/L 14 |  | C02 | K/L 22 |  | C02 | K/L 30 |
|  | D03 | D/L 07 |  | C03 | K/L 15 |  | C03 | K/L 23 |  | C03 | K/L 31 |
|  | D04 | K/L 00 |  | C04 | U/L 12 |  | C04 | U/L 20 |  | C04 | U/L 28 |
|  | D05 | K/L 01 |  | C05 | U/L 13 |  | C05 | U/L 21 |  | C05 | U/L 29 |
|  | D06 | K/L 02 |  | C06 | U/L 14 |  | C06 | U/L 22 |  | C06 | U/L 30 |
|  | D07 | K/L 03 |  | C07 | U/L 15 |  | C07 | U/L 23 |  | C07 | U/L 31 |
|  | D08 | K/L 04 |  | C08 | D/L 12 |  | C08 | D/L 20 |  | C08 | D/L 28 |
|  | D09 | K/L 05 |  | C09 | D/L 13 |  | C09 | D/L 21 |  | C09 | D/L 29 |
|  | D10 | K/L 06 |  | C10 | D/L 14 |  | C10 | D/L 22 |  | C10 | D/L 30 |
|  | D11 | K/L 07 |  | C11 | D/L 15 |  | C11 | D/L 23 |  | C11 | D/L 31 |


| $\mathbf{C / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Landing Call |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{K} / \mathbf{L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Car Call |
| $\mathbf{K + C / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Car and Landing Call in APB Parallel <br> connection (see Examples) |
| $\mathbf{D / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Down Call in Full Collective operation |
| $\mathbf{U / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Up Call in Full Collective Operation |
| $\mathbf{L P} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Car position (1 signal for every floor) |

## 4.2-Serial Car Connection

With Serial Car connection ELEMPU board is in the Control Panel, and ELEPLUS in the Car Box (set F51 to Car \& Calls).
The table below shows all the possible configuration depending on the operation mode.

| Serial Connection <br> (ELEMPU + ELEPLUS Board) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode | ELEXP | Max stops |
| APB |  | 12 |
| Down <br> Collective | 1 | 12 |
|  | 3 | 24 |
|  | 2 | 32 |
|  | 3 | 12 |
|  | 6 | 24 |
|  |  | 32 |

Table 2


The user can add ELEXP boards to support installation with number of stops higher than 12, as shown on the table, up to 32 floors.
The boards are connected via CAN Bus, and every ELEXP board should be programmed with the correct address by operating the SW2 dipswitch: see 8.6.2 - Board Address for more information.
In the next pages there are some tables that shows how to connect Landing Calls and Car Calls for every combination of ELEMPU and ELEXP, depending on F03 parameter.

Each Car or Landing Call terminal is both a board input for a pushbutton and output for a signal, that assumes two different meaning:

- Car Incoming at n-th floor in APB operation
- Call Registered in case of Collective operation.

As shown in Figure 2, only one wire is required for the connection of a call button and the related signal.

## See 0

Electrical Specification for further electrical information.
For Down Collective operation, Landing Calls above the main floor are Down Calls, Up Calls otherwise. Set the main floor with function F02.
For every configuration of F03, the maximum number of stops supported is reported, and also the board address for every expansion board.


Figure 2

| Autom. Push Button 12 SC |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M2 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | U00 | C/L 00 |
|  | U01 | C/L 01 |
|  | U02 | C/L 02 |
|  | U03 | C/L 03 |
|  | U04 | C/L 04 |
|  | U05 | C/L 05 |
|  | U06 | C/L 06 |
|  | U07 | C/L 07 |
|  | U08 | C/L 08 |
|  | U09 | C/L 09 |
|  | U10 | C/L 10 |
|  | U11 | C/L 11 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | D00 | LP 00 |
|  | D01 | LP 01 |
|  | D02 | LP 02 |
|  | D03 | LP 03 |
|  | D04 | LP 04 |
|  | D05 | LP 05 |
|  | D06 | LP 06 |
|  | D07 | LP 07 |
|  | D08 | LP 08 |
|  | D09 | LP 09 |
|  | D10 | LP 10 |
|  | D11 | LP 11 |
| M3 <br> ELEPLUS <br> Addr $=0$ | C00 | K/L 00 |
|  | C01 | K/L 01 |
|  | C02 | K/L 02 |
|  | C03 | K/L 03 |
|  | C04 | K/L 04 |
|  | C05 | K/L 05 |
|  | C06 | K/L 06 |
|  | C07 | K/L 07 |
|  | C08 | K/L 08 |
|  | C09 | K/L 09 |
|  | C10 | K/L 10 |
|  | C11 | K/L 11 |


| Down Collective 12 SC |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M2 <br> ELEMPU | U00 | C/L 00 |
|  | U01 | C/L 01 |
|  | U02 | C/L 02 |
|  | U03 | C/L 03 |
|  | U04 | C/L 04 |
|  | U05 | C/L 05 |
|  | U06 | C/L 06 |
|  | U07 | C/L 07 |
|  | U08 | C/L 08 |
|  | U09 | C/L 09 |
|  | U10 | C/L 10 |
|  | U11 | C/L 11 |
| M3 <br> ELEMPU | D00 | X |
|  | D01 | X |
|  | D02 | X |
|  | D03 | X |
|  | D04 | X |
|  | D05 | X |
|  | D06 | X |
|  | D07 | X |
|  | D08 | X |
|  | D09 | X |
|  | D10 | X |
|  | D11 | X |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEPLUS } \\ \text { Addr }=0 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | K/L 00 |
|  | C01 | K/L 01 |
|  | C02 | K/L 02 |
|  | C03 | K/L 03 |
|  | C04 | K/L 04 |
|  | C05 | K/L 05 |
|  | C06 | K/L 06 |
|  | C07 | K/L 07 |
|  | C08 | K/L 08 |
|  | C09 | K/L 09 |
|  | C10 | K/L 10 |
|  | C11 | K/L 11 |


| Full Collective 12 SC |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M2 <br> ELEMPU | U00 | U/L 00 |
|  | U01 | U/L 01 |
|  | U02 | U/L 02 |
|  | U03 | U/L 03 |
|  | U04 | U/L 04 |
|  | U05 | U/L 05 |
|  | U06 | U/L 06 |
|  | U07 | U/L 07 |
|  | U08 | U/L 08 |
|  | U09 | U/L 09 |
|  | U10 | U/L 10 |
|  | U11 | U/L 11 |
| M3 <br> ELEMPU | D00 | D/L 00 |
|  | D01 | D/L 01 |
|  | D02 | D/L 02 |
|  | D03 | D/L 03 |
|  | D04 | D/L 04 |
|  | D05 | D/L 05 |
|  | D06 | D/L 06 |
|  | D07 | D/L 07 |
|  | D08 | D/L 08 |
|  | D09 | D/L 09 |
|  | D10 | D/L 10 |
|  | D11 | D/L 11 |
| M3 <br> ELEPLUS <br> Addr $=0$ | C00 | K/L 00 |
|  | C01 | K/L 01 |
|  | C02 | K/L 02 |
|  | C03 | K/L 03 |
|  | C04 | K/L 04 |
|  | C05 | K/L 05 |
|  | C06 | K/L 06 |
|  | C07 | K/L 07 |
|  | C08 | K/L 08 |
|  | C09 | K/L 09 |
|  | C10 | K/L 10 |
|  | C11 | K/L 11 |


| $\mathbf{C / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Landing Call |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{K} / \mathbf{L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Car Call |
| K+C/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Car and Landing Call in APB Parallel <br> connection (see Examples) |
| D/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Down Call in Full Collective operation |
| $\mathbf{U / L} \mathbf{n}$ | Up Call in Full Collective Operation |
| $\mathbf{L P} \mathbf{n}$ | Car position (1 signal for every floor) |


| Down Collective 24 SC (1 ELEXP) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M2 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | U00 | C/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEPLUS } \\ \text { Addr }=0 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | K/L 00 |
|  | U01 | C/L 01 |  | C01 | K/L 01 |
|  | U02 | C/L 02 |  | C02 | K/L 02 |
|  | U03 | C/L 03 |  | C03 | K/L 03 |
|  | U04 | C/L 04 |  | C04 | K/L 04 |
|  | U05 | C/L 05 |  | C05 | K/L 05 |
|  | U06 | C/L 06 |  | C06 | K/L 06 |
|  | U07 | C/L 07 |  | C07 | K/L 07 |
|  | U08 | C/L 08 |  | C08 | K/L 08 |
|  | U09 | C/L 09 |  | C09 | K/L 09 |
|  | U10 | C/L 10 |  | C10 | K/L 10 |
|  | U11 | C/L 11 |  | C11 | K/L 11 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | D00 | C/L 12 |  | C00 | K/L 12 |
|  | D01 | C/L 13 |  | C01 | K/L 13 |
|  | D02 | C/L 14 |  | C02 | K/L 14 |
|  | D03 | C/L 15 |  | C03 | K/L 15 |
|  | D04 | C/L 16 |  | C04 | K/L 16 |
|  | D05 | C/L 17 |  | C05 | K/L 17 |
|  | D06 | C/L 18 |  | C06 | K/L 18 |
|  | D07 | C/L 19 |  | C07 | K/L 19 |
|  | D08 | C/L 20 |  | C08 | K/L 20 |
|  | D09 | C/L 21 |  | C09 | K/L 21 |
|  | D10 | C/L 22 |  | C10 | K/L 22 |
|  | D11 | C/L 23 |  | C11 | K/L 23 |


| Down Collective DC 32 SC (3 ELEXP) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M2 <br> ELEMPU | U00 | C/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=1 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | K/L 12 |
|  | U01 | C/L 01 |  | C01 | K/L 13 |
|  | U02 | C/L 02 |  | C02 | K/L 14 |
|  | U03 | C/L 03 |  | C03 | K/L 15 |
|  | U04 | C/L 04 |  | C04 | K/L 16 |
|  | U05 | C/L 05 |  | C05 | K/L 17 |
|  | U06 | C/L 06 |  | C06 | K/L 18 |
|  | U07 | C/L 07 |  | C07 | K/L 19 |
|  | U08 | C/L 08 |  | C08 | K/L 20 |
|  | U09 | C/L 09 |  | C09 | K/L 21 |
|  | U10 | C/L 10 |  | C10 | K/L 22 |
|  | U11 | C/L 11 |  | C11 | K/L 23 |
| M3 <br> ELEMPU | D00 | C/L 12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=2 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | K/L 24 |
|  | D01 | C/L 13 |  | C01 | K/L 25 |
|  | D02 | C/L 14 |  | C02 | K/L 26 |
|  | D03 | C/L 15 |  | C03 | K/L 27 |
|  | D04 | C/L 16 |  | C04 | K/L 28 |
|  | D05 | C/L 17 |  | C05 | K/L 29 |
|  | D06 | C/L 18 |  | C06 | K/L 30 |
|  | D07 | C/L 19 |  | C07 | K/L 31 |
|  | D08 | C/L 20 |  | C08 | X |
|  | D09 | C/L 21 |  | C09 | X |
|  | D10 | C/L 22 |  | C10 | X |
|  | D11 | C/L 23 |  | C11 | X |
| M3 ELEPLUS Addr $=0$ | C00 | K/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=3 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | C/L 24 |
|  | C01 | K/L 01 |  | C01 | C/L 25 |
|  | C02 | K/L 02 |  | C02 | C/L 26 |
|  | C03 | K/L 03 |  | C03 | C/L 27 |
|  | C04 | K/L 04 |  | C04 | C/L 28 |
|  | C05 | K/L 05 |  | C05 | C/L 29 |
|  | C06 | K/L 06 |  | C06 | C/L 30 |
|  | C07 | K/L 07 |  | C07 | C/L 31 |
|  | C08 | K/L 08 |  | C08 | X |
|  | C09 | K/L 09 |  | C09 | X |
|  | C10 | K/L 10 |  | C10 | X |
|  | C11 | K/L 11 |  | C11 | X |


| C/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Landing Call |
| :---: | :--- |
| K/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Car Call |
| K+C/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Car and Landing Call in APB Parallel <br> connection (see Examples) |
| D/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Down Call in Full Collective operation |
| $\mathbf{U / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Up Call in Full Collective Operation |
| $\mathbf{L P} \mathbf{n}$ | Car position (1 signal for every floor) |


| Full Collective 18 SC (2 ELEXP) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M2 <br> ELEMPU | U00 | U/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=1 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | K/L 12 |
|  | U01 | U/L 01 |  | C01 | K/L 13 |
|  | U02 | U/L 02 |  | C02 | K/L 14 |
|  | U03 | U/L 03 |  | C03 | K/L 15 |
|  | U04 | U/L 04 |  | C04 | K/L 16 |
|  | U05 | U/L 05 |  | C05 | K/L 17 |
|  | U06 | U/L 06 |  | C06 | X |
|  | U07 | U/L 07 |  | C07 | X |
|  | U08 | U/L 08 |  | C08 | X |
|  | U09 | U/L 09 |  | C09 | X |
|  | U10 | U/L 10 |  | C10 | X |
|  | U11 | U/L 11 |  | C11 | X |
| M3 <br> ELEMPU | D00 | D/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=2 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | U/L 12 |
|  | D01 | D/L 01 |  | C01 | U/L 13 |
|  | D02 | D/L 02 |  | C02 | U/L 14 |
|  | D03 | D/L 03 |  | C03 | U/L 15 |
|  | D04 | D/L 04 |  | C04 | U/L 16 |
|  | D05 | D/L 05 |  | C05 | U/L 17 |
|  | D06 | D/L 06 |  | C06 | D/L 12 |
|  | D07 | D/L 07 |  | C07 | D/L 13 |
|  | D08 | D/L 08 |  | C08 | D/L 14 |
|  | D09 | D/L 09 |  | C09 | D/L 15 |
|  | D10 | D/L 10 |  | C10 | D/L 16 |
|  | D11 | D/L 11 |  | C11 | D/L 17 |
| M3 <br> ELEPLUS <br> Addr $=0$ | C00 | K/L 00 |  |  |  |
|  | C01 | K/L 01 |  |  |  |
|  | C02 | K/L 02 |  |  |  |
|  | C03 | K/L 03 |  |  |  |
|  | C04 | K/L 04 |  |  |  |
|  | C05 | K/L 05 |  |  |  |
|  | C06 | K/L 06 |  |  |  |
|  | C07 | K/L 07 |  |  |  |
|  | C08 | K/L 08 |  |  |  |
|  | C09 | K/L 09 |  |  |  |
|  | C10 | K/L 10 |  |  |  |
|  | C11 | K/L 11 |  |  |  |


| Full Collective 24 SC (3 ELEXP) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M2 <br> ELEMPU | U00 | U/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=1 \end{gathered}$ | COO | K/L 12 |
|  | U01 | U/L 01 |  | C01 | K/L 13 |
|  | U02 | U/L 02 |  | C02 | K/L 14 |
|  | U03 | U/L 03 |  | C03 | K/L 15 |
|  | U04 | U/L 04 |  | C04 | K/L 16 |
|  | U05 | U/L 05 |  | C05 | K/L 17 |
|  | U06 | U/L 06 |  | C06 | K/L 18 |
|  | U07 | U/L 07 |  | C07 | K/L 19 |
|  | U08 | U/L 08 |  | C08 | K/L 20 |
|  | U09 | U/L 09 |  | C09 | K/L 21 |
|  | U10 | U/L 10 |  | C10 | K/L 22 |
|  | U11 | U/L 11 |  | C11 | K/L 23 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEMPU } \end{gathered}$ | D00 | D/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=2 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | U/L 12 |
|  | D01 | D/L 01 |  | C01 | U/L 13 |
|  | D02 | D/L 02 |  | C02 | U/L 14 |
|  | D03 | D/L 03 |  | C03 | U/L 15 |
|  | D04 | D/L 04 |  | C04 | U/L 16 |
|  | D05 | D/L 05 |  | C05 | U/L 17 |
|  | D06 | D/L 06 |  | C06 | U/L 18 |
|  | D07 | D/L 07 |  | C07 | U/L 19 |
|  | D08 | D/L 08 |  | C08 | U/L 20 |
|  | D09 | D/L 09 |  | C09 | U/L 21 |
|  | D10 | D/L 10 |  | C10 | U/L 22 |
|  | D11 | D/L 11 |  | C11 | U/L 23 |
| M3 <br> ELEPLUS <br> Addr $=0$ | C00 | K/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=3 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | D/L 12 |
|  | C01 | K/L 01 |  | C01 | D/L 13 |
|  | C02 | K/L 02 |  | C02 | D/L 14 |
|  | C03 | K/L 03 |  | C03 | D/L 15 |
|  | C04 | K/L 04 |  | C04 | D/L 16 |
|  | C05 | K/L 05 |  | C05 | D/L 17 |
|  | C06 | K/L 06 |  | C06 | D/L 18 |
|  | C07 | K/L 07 |  | C07 | D/L 19 |
|  | C08 | K/L 08 |  | C08 | D/L 20 |
|  | C09 | K/L 09 |  | C09 | D/L 21 |
|  | C10 | K/L 10 |  | C10 | D/L 22 |
|  | C11 | K/L 11 |  | C11 | D/L 23 |


| $\mathbf{C} / \mathbf{L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Landing Call |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{K} / \mathbf{L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Car Call |
| $\mathbf{K} \mathbf{+ C / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Car and Landing Call in APB Parallel <br> connection (see Examples) |
| $\mathbf{D} / \mathbf{L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Down Call in Full Collective operation |
| $\mathbf{U / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Up Call in Full Collective Operation |
| $\mathbf{L P} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Car position (1 signal for every floor) |


|  |  |  | Full Coll | 32 | ELEXP) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U00 | U/L 00 |  | COO | K/L 12 |  | COO | U/L 24 |
|  | U01 | U/L 01 |  | C01 | K/L 13 |  | C01 | U/L 25 |
|  | U02 | U/L 02 |  | C02 | K/L 14 |  | C02 | U/L 26 |
|  | U03 | U/L 03 |  | C03 | K/L 15 |  | C03 | U/L 27 |
|  | U04 | U/L 04 |  | C04 | K/L 16 |  | C04 | U/L 28 |
| M2 | U05 | U/L 05 |  | C05 | K/L 17 |  | C05 | U/L 29 |
| ELEMPU | U06 | U/L 06 | Addr $=1$ | C06 | K/L 18 | ELEXP | C06 | U/L 30 |
|  | U07 | U/L 07 |  | C07 | K/L 19 |  | C07 | U/L 31 |
|  | U08 | U/L 08 |  | C08 | K/L 20 |  | C08 | X |
|  | U09 | U/L 09 |  | C09 | K/L 21 |  | C09 | X |
|  | U10 | U/L 10 |  | C10 | K/L 22 |  | C10 | X |
|  | U11 | U/L 11 |  | C11 | K/L 23 |  | C11 | X |
|  | D00 | D/L 00 |  | COO | K/L 24 |  | COO | D/L 12 |
|  | D01 | D/L 01 |  | C01 | K/L 25 |  | C01 | D/L 13 |
|  | D02 | D/L 02 |  | C02 | K/L 26 |  | C02 | D/L 14 |
|  | D03 | D/L 03 |  | C03 | K/L 27 |  | C03 | D/L 15 |
|  | D04 | D/L 04 |  | C04 | K/L 28 |  | C04 | D/L 16 |
| M3 | D05 | D/L 05 | ELEXP | C05 | K/L 29 | ELEXP | C05 | D/L 17 |
| ELEMPU | D06 | D/L 06 |  | C06 | K/L 30 |  | C06 | D/L 18 |
|  | D07 | D/L 07 |  | C07 | K/L 31 |  | C07 | D/L 19 |
|  | D08 | D/L 08 |  | C08 | X |  | C08 | D/L 20 |
|  | D09 | D/L 09 |  | C09 | X |  | C09 | D/L 21 |
|  | D10 | D/L 10 |  | C10 | X |  | C10 | D/L 22 |
|  | D11 | D/L 11 |  | C11 | $\times$ |  | C11 | D/L 23 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEPLUS } \\ \text { Addr }=0 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | K/L 00 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=3 \end{gathered}$ | COO | U/L 12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M3 } \\ \text { ELEXP } \\ \text { Addr }=6 \end{gathered}$ | C00 | D/L 24 |
|  | C01 | K/L 01 |  | C01 | U/L 13 |  | C01 | D/L 25 |
|  | C02 | K/L 02 |  | C02 | U/L 14 |  | C02 | D/L 26 |
|  | C03 | K/L 03 |  | C03 | U/L 15 |  | C03 | D/L 27 |
|  | C04 | K/L 04 |  | C04 | U/L 16 |  | C04 | D/L 28 |
|  | C05 | K/L 05 |  | C05 | U/L 17 |  | C05 | D/L 29 |
|  | C06 | K/L 06 |  | C06 | U/L 18 |  | C06 | D/L 30 |
|  | C07 | K/L 07 |  | C07 | U/L 19 |  | C07 | D/L 31 |
|  | C08 | K/L 08 |  | C08 | U/L 20 |  | C08 | $\times$ |
|  | C09 | K/L 09 |  | C09 | U/L 21 |  | C09 | X |
|  | C10 | K/L 10 |  | C10 | U/L 22 |  | C10 | X |
|  | C11 | K/L 11 |  | C11 | U/L 23 |  | C11 | X |


| C/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Landing Call |
| :---: | :--- |
| K/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Car Call |
| K+C/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Car and Landing Call in APB Parallel <br> connection (see Examples) |
| D/L $\boldsymbol{n}$ | Down Call in Full Collective operation |
| $\mathbf{U / L} \boldsymbol{n}$ | Up Call in Full Collective Operation |
| LP $\mathbf{n}$ | Car position (1 signal for every floor) |

## 5 - INPUT AND OUTPUT SIGNALS

## 5.1 - Input Signals

- ELEMPU

| M4 | USS |  | C | Up Stop Switch | Positioning switch inputs. By default NC contacts. USS and DSS polarity can be adjusted by F32 parameter | $\frac{5.5 .1-}{\text { Positioning }}$$\frac{\text { and }}{\text { Releveling, }}$F32 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DSS |  | C | Down Stop Switch |  |  |
|  | ULS |  | NC | Top Floor Limit Switch |  |  |
|  | DLS |  | NC | Bottom Floor <br> Limit Switch |  |  |
|  | ISQ |  | NC | Inspection Box Contact | Enable Inspection Operation. It must be CLOSED with the system in NORMAL service, and OPEN in INSPECTION state. | $\frac{\text { Inspection }}{\text { In.2.3- }}$ |
|  | URI |  | NO | Inspection Up Button | Inspection Box Directions |  |
|  | DRI |  | NO | Inspection Down Button |  |  |
|  | IP1 | P | NC | PE1 | Photocell and safety edge contact. <br> (CLOSED with beam free, and OPEN with beam interrupted) | $\frac{\text { Aut.5.3- }}{\text { Door Contic }}$ |
|  |  | S | - | - |  | - |
| M5 | IP2 |  | NO | OCl | Car Overload Switch (load > 110\% loading capacity), contact CLOSED with car overload. | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3.2 .1-}{\text { Automatic }} \\ & \text { Service } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | TDC |  | NO | Contactor Drop-out Delay | Active input for VVVF drive only. Connect the output of the VVVF dedicated to the control of the contactors. If not connected, the drop-out of the contactors in VVVF drive mode is controlled with a programmable delay. | 3.2.1 - <br> Automatic Service, F17 |
|  | RC |  | C | Run Contactors Control | Connect to auxiliary contacts of contactors that control car movement, that if stuck, could lead to dangerous situations. <br> It is possible to set the input to be active during RUN (NO contacts in parallel) or active with car STOPPED (NC contacts in series) | F37, F38 |
|  | ROP |  | NO | Emergency Operation Enable | Activates Emergency Operation. | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3.2 .7-}{\text { Emergency }} \\ & \hline \text { Operation } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | REL |  | NO | Releveling Enable | Connect to an auxiliary contact of the SAFETY CIRCUIT which enables releveling with open doors and that provides the door contact by-pass | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \frac{5.5 .1-}{} \\ \begin{array}{l} \text { Positioning } \\ \text { and } \end{array} \\ \text { Releveling } \\ \hline \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | TJ | P | NC | DOL | Door Open Limit switch | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5.5.3-1 } \\ & \text { Dutomatic } \\ & \text { Door Control } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | S | - | - | - | - |
|  | BK |  | NO | EC / FC | EC - Occupied Car (load $>1$ person) in Automatic Push Button operation FC - Full Car (load $\approx$ maximum capacity) in Collective operation | $\begin{gathered} \text { 3.2.1- } \\ \text { Automatic } \\ \text { Service } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | EA1 |  | NC | External Alarm 1 | The opening of this input causes the OUT OF SERVICE with immediate stop of the car. It can be connected, for example at the contact of the MAINS PHASE CONTROL device or at FAULT contact of the VVVF. When the input closes again after an opening, the lift automatically returns to service with a reset operation | E16 |


|  |  | Mandatory wiring |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $=$ | If not used leave open |
|  | $=$ | If not used connect to 24 V |
| P | $=$ | Only in Parallel Car connection |
| S | $=$ | Only in Serial Car connection |
| NC | $=$ | Normally Closed input |
| NO | $=$ | Normally Open input |
| C | $=$ | Configurable input (NC or NO) |
| - | $=$ | Not used |


| M6 | EA2 |  | NC | External Alarm 2 | The opening of this input causes the car to stop at the end of the current travel. It can be connected for example to the contact of the oil thermostat | E17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | VIC |  | NO | VIP CALL | Activates VIP Call Operation | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3.2 .8-\mathrm{VIP}}{\frac{\text { Call }}{}} \\ & \text { Operation } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | FO |  | NC | Fire-Fighters Operation Enable | Fire Fighter Operation Inputs | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { 3.2.9 - Fire- }}{\text { Fighter }} \\ & \text { Operation } \\ & \text { EN81-72 1 } \\ & \text { EN81-73, } \\ & \text { F44, F45, F46 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | EKF |  | NO | Fire-Fighters Operation Key Switch |  |  |
|  | A31 | P | NC | ODB | Door Opening Button. <br> If the lift is at floor opens the door in automatic and semiautomatic door modes. |  |
|  |  | S | - | - | - | - |
|  | A32 | P | NO | CDB | Door Quick Closing Button (Active only in Collective operation). Forces the doors to close in automatic and semiautomatic door modes. |  |
|  |  | S | - | - | - | - |
|  | TH1 |  | NC | MotorThermistors | Connect to a PTC thermistor: if the thermistor resistance increases an alarm occurs. <br> Make a jumper between TH1 and TH2 if not used. | F12, F33, E15 |
|  | TH2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| M12 | SCC |  | NC | Safety Chain Common | Voltage reference of Safety Circuits. Grounded on Control Panel. | $\frac{\text { 5.5.2 - Safety }}{\text { Chain }}$ |
|  | SC1 |  | NC | Safety Chain Optoisolated Inputs | Safety Chain Beginning. Downstream of the Operation Automatic Valve. |  |
|  | SC2 |  | NC |  | 1st Section. Downstream of the Overtravel switch |  |
|  | SC3 |  | NC |  | 2nd Section. Downstream of various safety switches, of the Normal Service / Inspection switch, and the Landing Door Closed Contacts (only for Semiautomatic doors) |  |
|  | SC4 |  | NC |  | 3rd Section. Downstream of the Car Door Contact |  |
|  | SC5 |  | NC |  | 4th Section. Donwstream of the Landing Door Locked Contacts |  |


|  |  | Mandatory wiring |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $=$ | If not used leave open |
|  | $=$ | If not used connect to 24 V |
| P | $=$ | Only in Parallel Car connection |
| S | $=$ | Only in Serial Car connection |
| NC | $=$ | Normally Closed input |
| NO | $=$ | Normally Open input |
| C | $=$ | Configurable input (NC or NO) |
| - | $=$ | Not used |

## 5.2 - Input Signals only for Serial Car connection

ELEPLUS

| M3 | IPA | S | NC | Fire-Fighters Operation Enable | Fire-Fighter Inputs | 3.2.9-Fire-FighterOperationEN81-72 $/$ <br> EN81-73 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IPB | S | NO | FC | Full Car (load $\approx$ maximum capacity) in Collective operation |  |
|  | IPC | S | NO | ODI | Open door in inspection mode | $\frac{\text { Inspection }}{\text { Inseration }}$ |
|  | IUC | S | NO | Inspection Up Button | Inspection box at the car top | $\frac{\text { Inspection }}{\text { In.2.3- }}$ |
|  | IDC | S | NO | Inspection Down Button |  |  |
|  | ISC | S | NC | Inspection Box contact |  |  |
|  | ODB | S | NC | ODB | Door Opening Button. If the lift is at floor opens the door in automatic and semiautomatic door modes. |  |
|  | CDB | S | NO | CDB | Door Quick Closing Button (Active only in Collective operation). Forces the doors to close in automatic and semiautomatic door modes. |  |
| M4 | PE1 | S | NC | PE1 | Photocell and safety edge contact. Side 1 | $\begin{gathered} \frac{5.5 .3-}{\text { Automatic }} \\ \text { Door Control } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | PE2 | S | NC | PE2 | Photocell and safety edge contact. Side 2 |  |
|  | SE1 | S | NC | DOL1 | Door Open Limit switch. Side 1 |  |
|  | SE2 | S | NC | DOL2 | Door Open Limit switch. Side 2 |  |
|  | IEC | S | NO | EC | EC - Occupied Car (load > $1 \%$ ) in Automatic Push Button operation in Collective Operation if it goes OFF at floor, cancels all the registered car calls |  |
|  | IFC | S | - | - | - |  |
|  | IOC | S | NO | OCl | Car Overload Switch (load > 110\% loading capacity), contact CLOSED with car overload. |  |
|  | IKF | S | NO | Fire-Fighters car key switch | Fire-Fighter Inputs | 3.2.9-Fire- <br> Operater <br> Operation <br> EN81-72 <br> EN81-73 |
| M5 | TH3 | S | NC | TH | Door motor thermistors |  |
|  | TH4 | S |  |  |  |  |

[^0]
## 5.3-Output Signals

- ELEMPU

| M7 | OS | T | On Service | Active output in normal operation, Deactivated in out of service. Is recommended to control an external relay wich has NO contact upstream the Safety Chain | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S.5.4-On } \\ & \text { Service output } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SBY | T | NDS | Direction Down Signal (APB operation), Next Leaving Down Signal (Collective operation) |  |
|  | EME | T | System in Emergency | Emergency operation active | $\frac{3.2 .7-}{\text { Emergency }}$ Operation |
|  | LEV | T | System Releveling | Releveling operation active | $3.2 .5-$ <br> Releveling |
|  | EA3 | T | NUS | Direction Up Signal (APB operation), Next Leaving Up Signal (Collective operation) |  |
|  | OP1 | T | GONG | Acoustic signal of car coming |  |
|  | OP2 | T | CAM | Retiring CAM control |  |
|  | OV | * | O voltage | OV aux terminal |  |
| M11 | CD | * | Common Door Control | NO relay contacts for automatic and semiautomatic door control | $\begin{gathered} \text { 5.5.3 - } \\ \text { Dutomatic } \\ \text { Door Control } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | DC | R | Door Closing Control |  |  |
|  | DO | R | Door Opening Control |  |  |
|  | X | X | X | X | X |
|  | OC2 | * | NO contact of EC relay | Occupied Signal (APB operation), Car Light Control in (Collective operation) |  |
|  | OC1 | R | NO contact of EC relay |  |  |
| M10 | CS | * | Speed Control Common | Motor speed control | F04 |
|  | LS | R | Low Speed Control |  |  |
|  | HS | R | High Speed Control |  |  |
|  | SCC | * | Safety chain Common | Internal connection for safety reasons, leave unconnected |  |
|  | SCC | * |  |  |  |
|  | CA | * | Up/Down Control Common | Motor direction control | F04 |
|  | AD | R | Down Control |  |  |
|  | AU | R | Up Control |  |  |


|  |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X | $=$ | Unconnected |
| T | $=$ | Transistor Output |
| O | $=$ | Optoisolated Output |
| R | $=$ | Relay Output |
| $*$ | $=$ | Voltage reference |
|  | $=$ | Programmable Output |
|  | $=$ | Mandatory Connection |

For M7 and M11 (OC1-OC2 only) Outputs the function can be changed. See 5.6-Programmable Outputs.

| M9 | CV | * | VVVF Command Common | VVVF Drive control. <br> Output MSV activates during inspection if F04=VVVF and F09=High speed. The other output are simply optoisolated copies of signals LS(M10), HS(M10), $\mathrm{AD}(\mathrm{M} 10), \mathrm{AU}(\mathrm{M} 10)$, and programmable output EME(M7). | F04 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | CV | * |  |  |  |
|  | EMV | 0 | Emergency |  |  |
|  | LSV | 0 | Low Speed |  |  |
|  | MSV | 0 | Inspection Speed |  |  |
|  | HSV | 0 | High Speed |  |  |
|  | ADV | 0 | Down Run |  |  |
|  | AUV | 0 | Up Run |  |  |
| M9 | CP | * | Display common | Display Control NO outputs | F55 |
|  | PB0 | R | Display B0 |  |  |
|  | PB1 | R | Display B1 |  |  |
|  | PB2 | R | Display B2 |  |  |
|  | PB3 | R | Display B3 |  |  |
|  | PB4 | R | Display B4 |  |  |

```
X = Unconnected
T = Transistor Output
O = Optoisolated Output
R = Relay Output
* = Voltage reference
= Programmable Output
    = Mandatory Connection
```


## 5.4 - Output Signals only for Serial Car connection

## - ELEPLUS

| M8 | OA1 | * | CAM | Retiring CAM control |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | OA2 | R |  |  |  |
| M9 | OB1 | * | LC | Car Light/Fan control |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | OB2 | R |  |  |  |
| M11 | CD1 | * | Common Door Control | Door control side 1 | $\frac{\text { 5.5.3 - Automatic }}{\text { Door Control }}$ |
|  | DC1 | R | Door Closing Control |  |  |
|  | D01 | R | Door Opening Control |  |  |
| M10 | CD2 | * | Common Door Control | Door control side 2 |  |
|  | DC2 | R | Door Closing Control |  |  |
|  | DO2 | R | Door Opening Control |  |  |
| M7 | CCD | * | Display common | Display Control NO outputs | F55 |
|  | CB0 | R | Display B0 |  |  |
|  | CB1 | R | Display B1 |  |  |
|  | CB2 | R | Display B2 |  |  |
|  | CB3 | R | Display B3 |  |  |
|  | CB4 | R | Display B4 |  |  |
| M6 | OPC | T |  |  |  |
|  | OPD | T |  |  |  |
|  | OPE | T |  |  |  |
|  | OPF | T | OCO | Car overload acoustic signal |  |
|  | GNG | T | GNG | Acoustic signal of car incoming |  |
|  | NUS | T | NUS | Direction Up Signal (APB operation), Next Leaving Up Signal (Collective operation) |  |
|  | NDS | T | NDS | Direction Down Signal (APB operation), Next Leaving Down Signal (Collective operation) |  |
|  | OV | * | OV voltage | OV aux terminal |  |

[^1]
## 5.5-Connections details

### 5.5.1 - Positioning and Releveling

ELEMPU board manages car position through 4 magnetic switches sensed through 4 inputs:

1. USS - Up Stop Switch (Downward Slowdown)
2. DSS - Down Stop Switch (Upward Slowdown)
3. ULS - Top Floor Limit Switch
4. DLS - Bottom Floor Limit Switch

USS, DSS switches are used to slow down the car and stop it.
The contacts of USS and DSS can be of NO or NC type, with appropriate programming (Default NC).


Figure 3
If necessary, for example due to the speed of the system or to the distance between the floors, the magnets that control the slowdown can "cross", i.e. the magnet, which controls the slowdown to the next floor may be positioned immediately after the magnets of floor zone (stop/door zone). No programming is required for the board in this case, as software adjusts automatically.
It is however required to provide a distance of a few centimetres between the floor zone magnets and the slow down on, to allow the correct reading of the input (this distance depends on the system speed); usually 5 cm are sufficient, and therefore the minimum distance between floors allowed is equal to the slowdown space + door unlock space + $5 \mathbf{c m}$.
ULS, DLS switches are used for reset operation and to slow the car at the upper and lower floors.
The switches ULS and DLS must be of type NC and driven at end floors by a magnet with a length equal to slowdown distance minus 2 cm , as shown in the figure below.


Figure 4

## Magnets position for installation without releveling

If releveling is not needed, the magnets placement scheme to follow is the one in Figure 5.
ULS $\quad$ DLS
USS - Up Stop Switch (Downward Slowdown)
DSS - Down Stop Switch (Upward Slowdown)
ULS - Top Floor Limit Switch
DLS - Bottom Floor Limit Switch
$A=150 \mathrm{~mm}$
$\mathrm{D}=20 \mathrm{~mm}$
$R=100 \mathrm{~mm}$

X1 = Upward Slowdown Space
X2 = Upward Stop Space


Y1 = Downward Slowdown Space

Y2 = Downward Stop Space


Figure 5

## Magnets position for installation with releveling by Safety Circuit

For installation with releveling by Safety Circuit, for example hydraulic lifts, the magnets scheme to follow is the one in Figure 6.
In this case there is another magnet switch IZS that functions as a Door zone switch: this enables the Safety Circuit in the correct zone, so the board can command the releveling correctly. This switch must have a NO contact (closed at floor).

USS - Up Stop Switch (Downward Slowdown)
DSS - Down Stop Switch (Upward Slowdown)
ULS - Top Floor Limit Switch
DLS - Bottom Floor Limit Switch


IZS - Releveling zone switch
$A=150 \mathrm{~mm}$
$D=20 \mathrm{~mm}$
$R=100 \mathrm{~mm}$

X1 = Upward Slowdown Space


X2 = Upward Stop Space

Y1 = Downward Slowdown Space

Y2 = Downward Stop Space


Figure 6

## - Safety Circuit connection for releveling



Figure 7 - Concept schematic of safety module connection

When the lift is not in High Speed and within the Door Zone, Safety Module activates ELEMPU board REL input.


Figure 8
At this point the board, if detect any changes in USS and DSS inputs, commands releveling activating the correct Direction and Speed level, and LEV output, and its relay enables the by-pass of the doors contacts.

For more information about the connection of Safety Chain see 5.5.2 - Safety Chain .

### 5.5.2 - Safety Chain

Safety chain connection is different for every door configuration, as shown in the concept schematic in Figure 9.


Figure 9 - Concept schematic of Safety Chain
Various safety switches can include:

- Stop switch in the pit
- Overspeed Governor
- Overspeed Governor Tension Device
- Safety Gear


### 5.5.3 - Automatic Door Control

## - ParalleI Car Connection

ELEMPU controls automatic doors in Parallel Car Connection by M11 terminals CD, DC, DO. Connect this terminals to the VVVF or mini contactors that drive the door motor. In this configuration only one car entrance is supported.

A Door Open Limit (DOL) switch input is present: TJ on M5 connector (see 8.5-Boards Layout).
The connection of the DOL switch to the board is optional:

- if the connection is not provided but the limit switch is present, connect it in series with the opening contactor coil. The door opening command from the board will turn off after the time set by the function F22 (see 8.3 - Functions), so so it is important that this time is quite close to the actual time of opening, with a margin of at least one second. In this case connect TJ input to 24 V .
- if the limit switch is connected to TJ, the door opening command will turn off as soon as the limit switch opens; the time set in F22 is a protection time and it works only in case of missing opening of the contact, so it can be set to an higher time, for example to allow the "tuning" procedure of the door regulator at switching on.

ELEMPU board has also a photocell input: IP1 on M4. Also this connection is optional:

- For installations with no photocell, connect IP1 to 24V.
- For installations with photocell, connect IP1 to a normally closed contact (contact closed when the beam is free).


## - Serial Car Connection

For Serial Car Connection ELEPLUS board controls automatic doors.
In this case there the Inputs and Outputs are doubled, because this board can support two car entrances.
There are two sets of outputs CD1, DC1, DO1 on M11 for side 1, and CD2, DC2, DO2 on M10 for side 2.
Same thing for photocell and DOL inputs: PE1, SE1 on M4 for side 1, and PE2, SE2 on M4 for side 2.
Connect this signals with the same logic as it would be in Parallel Car connection with ELEMPU.
For one entrances car simply do not connect any I/O for side 2 and make sure that F07:Car Entrances=1.
For double car doors set F07:Car Entrances=2 and F08 according to the Table 3. F08 is defined for every floor in the system, so for example F08.03 means F08 at floor 3.

Table 3-Behaviour of ELEPLUS board depending on F08

| F08.n |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Side 1 | ELEPLUS open and close only side 1 |
| Side 2 | ELEPLUS open and close only side 2 |
| Simultaneous | ELEPLUS open and close both sides simultaneously. |
| Selective | Every side has its own floor and car call, see also 6.2 - Selective Door Opening |
| None | No open or close command are activated |

### 5.5.4 - On Service output

ELEMPU board has an On Service output (OS on M7) that is normally ON when the lift operates correctly, and it is turned OFF by the board itself when one of the following alarm is registered:
E09, E10, E11, E14, E15.
This output can be used to control an external relay with NO contacts upstream the safety chain, to definitely disable the lift (attention, this also disables Inspection Operation).
Normal operation can be restored by deleting any registered alarms (see 3.3.2-Diagnostics).

### 5.5.5 - Star-delta start for Hydraulic drives

ELEMPU supports Star-delta Hydraulic drives.
In upwards run, after a programmable delay, STD programmable output activates. This can be used to control external contactors to switch the motor connection from Star to Delta (see 5.6-Programmable Outputs and F56:T. StarDelta).
In down run STD output is always deactivated.
This output activates in every operating mode.

### 5.5.6 - Stand by for energy saving

Setting F49 to a value greater than 0 activates standby mode.
The SBY programmable output is active during normal operation (see 5.6-Programmable Outputs).
If the car is at floor and in automatic operation, when no calls are registered for the time F49, SBY output is deactivated.
Any landing or car call activates SBY and turn the board to normal operating conditions.
This output can be used to control relays or contactors that cut the power supply for control panel auxiliary circuits, to achieve energy saving.

### 5.5.7 - Soft stop for Hydraulic drives

ELEMPU board supports hydraulic drives with soft stop input, by using programmable output SS (see 5.6 - Programmable Outputs) as a soft stop command and F16, F34 and F57 parameters to control contactor timing.
SS programmable output activates only during upwards movements, as shown in Figure 10.
At first $\mathbf{S S}$ activates with $\mathbf{A U}$ and $\mathbf{H S}$, and at stop deactivates before AU by a time defined by F57.
To set F57 correctly see hydraulic drive data sheet, because this time has to be greater than the Soft Stop time: this enables the car to stop slowly and AU contactor will not drop too early making the car do a sudden stop.
Now set F16 = F57. In this configuration the board will deactivate SS output immediately when the car reaches the destination floor.
If the car stops lower than the floor level, increase F16 to adjust the stop, but make sure that F16 > F57 always; for this situation Figure 11 shows the timing of the output signals.
For releveling upwards the board uses the same logic before, set F34 = F57 than if required adjust the stop by increasing F34.


Figure 10


Figure 11

### 5.5.8 - Short Floor Features (only terminal floors)

## REQUIREMENTS

Short floor function is possible only for the bottom and/or for the top floor.
Short floor minimum distance is 160 mm at $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, low speed $0,1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.
It is calculated based on magnets of 20 mm , the minimum possible.
Minimum magnet size is 20 mm (with low speed running maximum $10 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$ ).

## SETTINGS

Place magnets as indicated in Figure 1: Magnet disposalSet function 'F58: Short Floor' to 'Yes'.
Connect a new magnetic switch called SFS between 24 V and TDC input of ELEMPU board, M5-terminal 2, see Figure 2: Modification example to an existing control panel for schematics reference.

## MAGNETS POSITIONING

Magnets positioning remains standard for any floor with the following exceptions:

1) Top floor is a short floor.
a. Place magnets between floor n and floor $\mathrm{n}-1$ in small enough to be placed in the short floor distance (see Figure 1: Magnet disposal)
b. Add SFS magnet as indicated in GREEN in Figure 1: Magnet disposal
2) Bottom floor is a short floor.
a. Place magnets between floor 0 and floor 1 small enough to be placed inside the short floor distance (see Figure 1: Magnet disposal)
b. Add SFS magnet as indicated in RED in Figure 1: Magnet disposal

## DESCRIPTION

When the car is at terminal floor with short floor (TDC) input active, starts in Low speed if it has to stop to the next floor. Starts in High speed for all the other floors.
When the car is at floor near the terminal floor with short floor (TDC input active), starts in Low speed if it has to stop to the near terminal floor. Starts in High speed for all the other floors.


Figure 1: Magnet disposal

Figure 2: Modification example to an existing control panel


## 5.6 －Programmable Outputs

ELEMPU outputs located on M7 connector are programmable，any terminal can be programmed to execute a specific function in Settings menu（See 3．3．7－Settings）．
Note that the function set for terminal EME on M7 will affect also EMV terminal on M9 connector．

| RUE－IIF Areom | Direction Up Signal（APB operation）， <br> Next Leaving Up Signal（Collective operation） |
| :---: | :---: |
| CES－DN Areom | Direction Down Signal（APB operation）， <br> Next Leaving Down Signal（Collective operation） |
| 国可W国 | Acoustic signal of car incoming |
| Cam－Fictirine Cam | Retiring CAM output |
| GEY－Stand bu | Stand by output（see chapter 5．5．6） |
| LEu－Fiblevelina | Releveling operation active |
| Eme－Fiescue GF． | Emergency operation active |
| STb－Star－Del．ta | Star－delta output |
| DS－0n Sarvices | On service output |
| LiS－Ttalianimul | Italian Law 13 Output |
| ES－SaftStaFHearin | Soft Stop output |
| p－bomeranins | Door open signal（for advanced door opening） |
| EYO－EuFassfotiva | Safety chain bypass active（EN81－20） |
| CaF－CaratFlogr | CAR on the door zone position |
| ITAF－Incomititigum | CAR is incoming at floor （Active for 500 ms after slowing） |
| MLF－MLarmFiLter | Signal for telephone dialer <br> （Active when car is at floor with door open） |
| 6S1－0n Saruice | On service output mode 1 （Active when elevator can＇t be used from users） |
| EC－DECUFiEd | EC Occupied output |
| Cami－Fieta Cam 1 | Retiring CAM output mode $1^{*}$ |

＊Retiring CAM output mode 1 is used on semi－automatic doors，CAM block at car door closing，release at car door fully open．

## 6 - ADVANCED FUNCTIONS

## 6.1-Multiplex Operation

No other additional board are needed for pairing lift systems to work in Multiplex operation (up to four).
To connect the landing calls, please refer to the tables (see 4 - Board Configurations) in this Manual, depending on the configuration and the stop number, considering that the all landing calls shall be parallel connected to all the lifts in the group.

In multiplex operation landing calls push buttons must work even if it one of the lift in the group is disabled for maintenance. To achieve this behaviour:

- connect the landing call button common to all 24E of ELEMPU boards.
- connect the registered signal common to all OV of ELEMPU and ELEXP boards.

On every ELEMPU set also F39, F40 and F41 and F43 according to the specific installation (see 8.3 -

## Functions).

While F39 sets the total number of lifts, F40 specifies for every ELEMPU an unique master address, so program a different value for every lift, 0 for the first, 1 for the second,...
Also program every expansion board dipswitch (ELEPLUS and ELEXP) according to F40, as specified in 8.6.2 - Board Address.

F41 function set the behaviour for high traffic lifts; when some calls are not served for a certain time set by this parameter, the internal algorithm enables high priority for this call group.
F43 function consider the possibility that one of the lifts serves one call less than the others.
Set this lift F43 to Bottom Floor if this floor is at the bottom, and F43 to Other car Bottom in every other lift. If the missing floor is the top one, set F43 to Top Floor in this particular lift and F43 to Other car Top in every other.
6.1.1 - Example of Connections for Triplex Operation


## 6.2 - Selective Door Opening

With Selective Door Opening for two entrances cars, at one floor two possible stops are possible, one from one side, and one from another, completely independent one from the other: it means that separate calls and commands can be recorded for that floor, which make the doors to open on side 1 or on side 2 , but never simultaneously.
This mode of operation is supported only in Serial Car connection, with ELEPLUS board (set F51 to Car \& Calls).
Selective opening can be programmed for one or more floors, by setting F07 to 2, and F08 to selective (see 5.5.3 - Automatic Door Control and 8.3 - Functions).

In order to consider what configuration of ELEMPU, ELEPLUS and ELEXP boards is required, the total number of buttons has to be considered, namely the number of services, and not the number of floors served, considering that there are two services for every selective opening floor.
See 4.2 - to choose the configuration for the desired number of services.
Landing and Car Calls are placed differently with Selective Door Opening: connect non selective calls and selective calls side 1 normally, with the same logic reported in the tables, instead connect selective calls side 2 starting from the last terminal for that configuration, and then backwards; to clarify the placement logic, in the next pages examples of some configurations are shown.

### 6.2.1 - APB Operation

For the APB Operation the maximum number of stops is 12 , so this means that if every floor needs selective opening (2 services), a maximum of 6 floors with a total 12 services is supported.
Connect to ELEMPU non selective landing calls and selective landing calls for side 1, starting from U00 forward; connect instead side 2 selective landing calls from U11 backward, connecting the button at the lowest floor to U11.
Connect to ELEPLUS non selective Car Calls and selective Car Calls for side 1, starting from C00 forward; connect instead side 2 selective Car Calls from C11 backward, connecting the button for the lowest floor to C11.

## - EXAMPLE 1

Lift with 6 stops, 2 car entrances, SELECTIVE OPENING on floors 2 and 4, No. OF SERVICES = 8

| Service <br> Number | Landing Call Terminal | Car Call Terminal | Floor | Side |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | U00-ELEMPU | C00-ELEPLUS | 0 | Side 1 |
| 1 | U01-ELEMPU | C01-ELEPLUS | 1 | Side 2 |
| 2 | U02-ELEMPU | C02-ELEPLUS | 2 | Side 1 |
| 3 | U03-ELEMPU | C03-ELEPLUS | 3 | Side 1 |
| 4 | U04-ELEMPU | C04-ELEPLUS | 4 | Side 1 |
| 5 | U05-ELEMPU | C05-ELEPLUS | 5 | Side 2 |
| 6 | U06-ELEMPU | C06-ELEPLUS | x | x |
| 7 | U07-ELEMPU | C07-ELEPLUS | X | x |
| 8 | U08-ELEMPU | C08-ELEPLUS | x | x |
| 9 | U09-ELEMPU | C09-ELEPLUS | x | x |
| 10 | U10-ELEMPU | C10-ELEPLUS | 4 | Side 2 |
| 11 | U11-ELEMPU | C11-ELEPLUS | 2 | Side 2 |



Program functions F08.01 and F08.05 as Side 2, F08.02 and F08.04 as Selective, other F08.n as Side1.

### 6.2.2 - Special APB operation (A.P.B SX).

This operation is working as APB operation for landing calls and down collective operation for Car calls. The maximum number of stops for this special ABP operation is the same as per Down collective operation. Use the same tables for down collective operations to determine the number of stops and connections. To have this feature, parameter F03 must be programmed as A.P.B SX, parameter F26 is used as occupied time instead of F27.

### 6.2.3 - Collective operations

For Collective operations (Down or Full), in case of floor with selective opening, landing calls can be registered both from side 1 and side 2 (or car calls); in such cases, on stopping, the door on the side where the first call was registered opens, after the starting time door closes, and once the doors are closed the opening of the other door is commanded.

### 6.2.4 - Down Collective

There is only one button at the floor and different configurations can be made; to determine what board configuration is needed, keep in consideration the total number of services and use the tables for Down Collective operation with Serial Car Connection (see tables at 4.2-Serial Car Connection).
In the following paragraphs, some possible configurations are shown as an example.

## ELEMPU + ELEPLUS, Maximum number of SERVICES = 12

Connect to ELEMPU non selective Landing Calls and selective Landing Calls for side 1, starting from U00 forward; connect instead side 2 selective Landing Calls from U11 backward, connecting the button at the lowest floor to U11.
Connect to ELEPLUS non selective Car Calls and selective Car Calls for side 1, starting from C00 forward; connect instead side 2 selective Car Calls from C11 backward, connecting the button for the lowest floor to C11.

## - EXAMPLE 2

Lift with 8 stops, 2 car entrances, Selective Opening on floors 1 to 3 , number of services $=11$

| Service <br> Number | Landing Call Terminal | Car Call Terminal | Floor | Side |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | U00-ELEMPU | C00-ELEPLUS | 0 | Side 1 |
| 1 | U01-ELEMPU | C01-ELEPLUS | 1 | Side 1 |
| 2 | U02-ELEMPU | C02-ELEPLUS | 2 | Side 1 |
| 3 | U03-ELEMPU | C03-ELEPLUS | 3 | Side 1 |
| 4 | U04-ELEMPU | C04-ELEPLUS | 4 | Side 1 |
| 5 | U05-ELEMPU | C05-ELEPLUS | 5 | Side 1 |
| 6 | U06-ELEMPU | C06-ELEPLUS | 6 | Side 2 |
| 7 | U07-ELEMPU | C07-ELEPLUS | 7 | Side 1 |
| 8 | U08-ELEMPU | C08-ELEPLUS | x | x |
| 9 | U09-ELEMPU | C09-ELEPLUS | 3 | Side 2 |
| 10 | U10-ELEMPU | C10-ELEPLUS | 2 | Side 2 |
| 11 | U11-ELEMPU | C11-ELEPLUS | 1 | Side 2 |



Program functions F08.06 as Side 2, F08.01 to F08.03 as Selective, other F08.n as Side1.

## ELEMPU + ELEPLUS + $\mathbf{1}$ ELEXP, Maximum number of SERVICES = $\mathbf{2 4}$

Connect to ELEMPU non selective Landing Calls and selective Landing Calls for side 1, starting from U00 forward; connect instead side 2 selective Landing Calls from D11 backward, connecting the button at the lowest floor to D11.
Connect to ELEPLUS (address=0) non selective Car Calls and selective Car Calls for side 1, starting from C00 forward; connect instead side 2 selective Car Calls from C11 of ELEXP (address=1) backward, connecting the button for the lowest floor to C11.

## - EXAMPLE 3

Lift with 8 stops, 2 car entrances, Selective Opening on floors 1 to 6 , number of services $=14$

| Service Number | Landing Call Terminal | Car Call Terminal | Floor | Side |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | U00-ELEMPU | C00-ELEPLUS (0) | 0 | Side 1 |
| 1 | U01-ELEMPU | C01-ELEPLUS (0) | 1 | Side 1 |
| 2 | U02-ELEMPU | C02-ELEPLUS (0) | 2 | Side 1 |
| 3 | U03-ELEMPU | C03-ELEPLUS (0) | 3 | Side 1 |
| 4 | U04-ELEMPU | C04-ELEPLUS (0) | 4 | Side 1 |
| 5 | U05-ELEMPU | C05-ELEPLUS (0) | 5 | Side 1 |
| 6 | U06-ELEMPU | C06-ELEPLUS (0) | 6 | Side 1 |
| 7 | U07-ELEMPU | C07-ELEPLUS (0) | 7 | Side 1 |
| 8 | U08-ELEMPU | C08-ELEPLUS (0) | X | x |
| 9 | U09-ELEMPU | C09-ELEPLUS (0) | X | x |
| 10 | U10-ELEMPU | C10-ELEPLUS (0) | x | x |
| 11 | U11-ELEMPU | C11-ELEPLUS (0) | x | x |
| 12 | D00-ELEMPU | C00-ELEXP (1) | x | x |
| 13 | D01-ELEMPU | C01-ELEXP (1) | x | x |
| 14 | D02-ELEMPU | C02-ELEXP (1) | X | x |
| 15 | D03-ELEMPU | C03-ELEXP (1) | x | x |
| 16 | D04-ELEMPU | C04-ELEXP (1) | x | x |
| 17 | D05-ELEMPU | C05-ELEXP (1) | x | x |
| 18 | D06-ELEMPU | C06-ELEXP (1) | 6 | Side 2 |
| 19 | D07-ELEMPU | C07-ELEXP (1) | 5 | Side 2 |
| 20 | D08-ELEMPU | C08-ELEXP (1) | 4 | Side 2 |
| 21 | D09-ELEMPU | C09-ELEXP (1) | 3 | Side 2 |
| 22 | D10-ELEMPU | C10-ELEXP (1) | 2 | Side 2 |
| 23 | D11-ELEMPU | C11-ELEXP (1) | 1 | Side 2 |



Program functions F08.01 to F08.06 as Selective, other F08.n as Side1.

### 6.2.5 - Full Collective

There are 2 buttons for each floor and different configurations can be made; to determine what board configuration is needed, keep in consideration the total number of services and use the tables for Full Collective operation with Serial Car Connection (see tables at 4.2-).
In the following paragraphs a possible configuration is shown as an example.

## ELEMPU + ELEPLUS + 2 ELEXP, Maximum number of SERVICES = 18

Connect to ELEMPU non selective Up Landing Calls and selective Down Landing Calls for side 1, starting from U00 forward; connect instead side 2 selective Up Landing Calls from C05 of ELEXP (address=2) backward, connecting the button at the lowest floor to C05.
Connect to ELEMPU non selective Down Landing Calls and selective Down Landing Calls for side 1, starting from D00 forward; connect instead side 2 selective Down Landing Calls from C11 of ELEXP (address=2) backward, connecting the button at the lowest floor to C11.
Connect to ELEPLUS (address=0) non selective Car Calls and selective Car Calls for side 1, starting from C00 forward; connect instead side 2 selective Car Calls from C05 of ELEXP (address=1) backward, connecting the button for the lowest floor to C05.

## - EXAMPLE 4

Lift with 8 stops, 2 car entrances, Selective Opening on floors 1 to 6 number of services $=14$

| Service Number | Landing Call Up Terminal | Landing Call Down Terminal | Car Call Terminal | Floor | Side |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | U00-ELEMPU | D00-ELEMPU | C00-ELEPLUS (0) | 0 | Side 1 |
| 1 | U01-ELEMPU | D01-ELEMPU | C01-ELEPLUS (0) | 1 | Side 1 |
| 2 | U02-ELEMPU | D02-ELEMPU | C02-ELEPLUS (0) | 2 | Side 1 |
| 3 | U03-ELEMPU | D03-ELEMPU | C03-ELEPLUS (0) | 3 | Side 1 |
| 4 | U04-ELEMPU | D04-ELEMPU | C04 - ELEPLUS (0) | 4 | Side 1 |
| 5 | U05-ELEMPU | D05-ELEMPU | C05-ELEPLUS (0) | 5 | Side 1 |
| 6 | U06-ELEMPU | D06-ELEMPU | C06-ELEPLUS (0) | 6 | Side 1 |
| 7 | U07-ELEMPU | D07-ELEMPU | C07-ELEPLUS (0) | 7 | Side 1 |
| 8 | U08-ELEMPU | D08-ELEMPU | C08-ELEPLUS (0) | X | x |
| 9 | U09-ELEMPU | D09-ELEMPU | C09-ELEPLUS (0) | x | x |
| 10 | U10-ELEMPU | D10-ELEMPU | C10-ELEPLUS (0) | x | x |
| 11 | U11-ELEMPU | D11-ELEMPU | C11-ELEPLUS (0) | x | x |
| 12 | C00-ELEXP (2) | C06-ELEXP (2) | C00-ELEXP (1) | 6 | Side 2 |
| 13 | C01-ELEXP (2) | C07-ELEXP (2) | C01-ELEXP (1) | 5 | Side 2 |
| 14 | C02-ELEXP (2) | C08-ELEXP (2) | C02-ELEXP (1) | 4 | Side 2 |
| 15 | C03-ELEXP (2) | C09-ELEXP (2) | C03-ELEXP (1) | 3 | Side 2 |
| 16 | C04-ELEXP (2) | C10-ELEXP (2) | C04-ELEXP (1) | 2 | Side 2 |
| 17 | C05-ELEXP (2) | C11-ELEXP (2) | C05-ELEXP (1) | 1 | Side 2 |



Program functions F08.01 to F08.06 as Selective, other F08.n as Side1.

## 6.3 - ELEXP As Display Driver

ELEXP can be used as a display driver on both Serial or Parallel Car connection.
This can be achieved by setting jumpers JP3 on A and JP4 on B on ELEXP and set function F53 on ELEMPU, according to the function desired.

### 6.3.1 - ELEXP as Decoder for 7 Segments Display

The ELEXP Board provides 9 outputs to control a 7 segment display, consisting of 2 digits and the minus sign for negative numbers. The tens digit can assume only the 1 value (max. number 19).
ELEXP can manage both Positive Common displays and Negative Common displays.



### 6.3.2 - ELEXP As Decoder for 1 Input Per Floor Display

The ELEXP Board provides 12 outputs to control a display with 1 Input per floor, and Negative Common. In the same way, it's possible to control car position signals by lamps.

## SETTINGS:




If display common, connected to positive, only outputs C0....C9 should be used.


## 7 - EXAMPLES

In this chapter are given a few examples of diagrams
The connections of the safety chain and contactors must comply exactly the ones shown in the drawings, supply voltage can be changed, provided that it is compatible with the Electrical Specifications (see 8.4 Electrical Specification)

Electrical Specification)
We have chosen to describe a three phase door motor 127Vac in Parallel Car Connection drawings and a door motor controlled by a VVVF drive with supply voltage 230Vac in Serial Car Connection drawings. Of course other solutions are possible.

## - Parallel Car connection

7.2-APB Operation - 2 Speed

## 7.3-APB Operation - Hydraulic Drive

## 7.4 - Full Collective Operation - Vacon NXP VVVF Drive

7.7-TKK VVVF Drive connections (for drive connections only)

## - Serial Car Connection

7.5-Serial Car connection - APB Operation - Hydraulic
7.6 - Serial Car connection - Full Collective Operation - Vacon NXP VVVF Drive

## 7.2-APB Operation-2 Speed Drive






## 7.3-APB Operation - Hydraulic Drive






## 7.4 - Full Collective Operation - Vacon NXP VVVF Drive





-NM SMS Sistemi e Microsistemi s.r.


SQ.ELEMPU.FVFA1. 150003

PER IMORSETTIDI COLLEGAMENTO FARE RIFERMAENTO ALLA TABELLA

FOR THE CONNECTION TERMINALS OF THE UP AND DOWN CALLS
MAKE REFERENCE TO THE TABLE AT THE PAGE 7 OF THIS MANUL


BUO + BU10 Up landing call buttons
LUO+ LU10 Up landing call
BDepititered signal
BD1+BD11 Down landing call buttons
LD1+LD11 Down landing call registered
signals
$B U 0+B U 10$ pulsanti chiamate per salire
UO+LU10 segnali prenotato per salire
BD1 + BD11 pulsanti chiamate per scender
BD1 $1+$ BD 11 pulsanti chiamate per scendere
LD $1+$ LD11 segnali prenotato per scendere

## 7.5 - Serial Car connection - APB Operation - Hydraulic Drive







COLLEGAMENTI VANO
SHAFT CONNECTIONS

## 7.6-Serial Car connection - Full Collective Operation - Vacon NXP VVVF Drive







## 7.7-TKK VVVF Drive connections





## 8 - APPENDIX

## 8.1-Warning messages

| Message | Condition | Space for notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ULS\&DLS Active | Both UP (ULS) and DOWN (DLS) limit switch <br> active | ULS and DLS are N.C. <br> contacts. <br> Switch active means contact <br> open. |
| ULS Active | Normal mode: Car not at top floor but ULS active. <br> Inspection mode: URI pressed with ULS active. |  |
| DLS Active | Normal mode: Car not at bottom floor but DLS <br> active. <br> Inspection mode: DRI pressed with DLS active. |  |
| ULS Not Active | Car at top floor but ULS not active |  |
| DLS Not Active | Car at bottom floor but DLS not active |  |
| Photocell Dark | Photocell dark from more than 20 seconds doesn't <br> allow door close |  |
| Door Open Button | Door open button doesn't allow door close |  |
| Car Overload | Car overload doesn't allow car movement |  |
| Contactors | RC input active without run command (UP or <br> DOWN) |  |
| Door Open Limit | Door open limit open doesn't allow door open <br> activation |  |
| Car Doors | Door open or close failed |  |
| Landing Locks | Door locking failed |  |
| CAN Extens. | Missing CAN communication with expansion <br> boards |  |
| Ext. Trip 2 | Input EA2 open |  |

## 8.2 - Alarm Codes

| E | ALARM | DESCRIPTION | CONSEQUENCES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E02 | LANDING DOOR LOCKING FAILURE | Upon leaving, with the doors fully closed (input SC4 active), the input SC5 is not activated within 5 seconds. <br> The description of the alarm reports the floor number in which the alarm triggered | APB OPERATION <br> The call is canceled, the doors will reopen and the car is waiting for a new call. <br> COLLECTIVE OPERATION <br> The car and landing calls remain recorded and 5 attempts will be performed: if the problem persists, all calls are cancelled and the car remains in service, waiting for new calls. <br> MULTIPLEX OPERATION <br> The calls are not cancelled but are transferred to the other cars. |
| E03 | MAIN CONTACTORS ACTIVATION FAILURE | Upon leaving, with locked doors (input SC5 active), input RC is not activated within 2 seconds. <br> The description of the alarm reports the floor number in which the alarm triggered |  |
| E05 | CAR MOVING FAILURE | Upon leaving, after the closing of contactors, the car does not move out from the stop zone within 10 seconds. <br> The description of the alarm reports the floor number in which the alarm triggered |  |


| E06 | RESET FAILURE | The car is unable to complete the reset operation.(arrival at the end floor and doors opening). | The system waits for a next call to try again the reset operation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E07 | CAR DOORS FAIL TO CLOSE | The doors do not complete the closing $(S C 4=O N)$ within the time set in F23. | APB OPERATION <br> The call is cancelled, the doors will reopen and the car is waiting for a new call. <br> COLLECTIVE OPERATION <br> The car and landing calls remain recorded and 5 attempts will be performed: if the problem persists, all calls are cancelled and the car remains in service, waiting for new calls. <br> MULTIPLEX OPERATION <br> The calls are not cancelled but are transferred to the other cars. <br> If the timer intervenes in the CLOSING FOR PARKING or RESET procedure, 5 closing attempts will be performed, after which the car will park with the doors open. |
| E08 | CAR DOORS FAIL TO OPEN | The doors do not complete the opening within the time set in F22. | Door motor control is disabled and the lift normally remains in service. |
| E09 | HIGH SPEED MAXIMUM TRAVEL TIME TRIGGERED | The car is moving at high speed without reaching the next floor within the time set in F24. | Out of Service <br> Manual Alarm Reset required |
| E10 | LOW SPEED MAXIMUM TRAVEL TIME TRIGGERED | The car moves at low speed without reaching the floor within the time set $\begin{aligned} & \text { in } \\ & \text { F25. } \end{aligned}$ | Out of Service <br> Manual Alarm Reset required |
| E11 | RELEVELING <br> MAXIMUM TRAVEL TIME TRIGGERED | The car is in releveling phase without reaching the floor within the time set in F50. | Out of Service <br> Manual Alarm Reset required |
| E12 | MAIN CONTACTORS DEACTIVATION FAILURE | The RC input (RUN contactors) do not turn off within 2 seconds from deactivation command (deactivation of outputs AU / AD). | Leaving is prevented until $\mathbf{R C}$ is active. |
| E13 | FLOOR COUNT ERROR | Car position indicates an end floor but no limit switch is active. | A call is made to the opposite end floor to reset the car position. |
| E14 | OVERTRAVEL | Opening of overtravel switch (input SC2-1st section of safety chain) | Out of Service <br> Manual Alarm Reset required |
| E15 | MOTOR THERMISTORS PROTECTION TRIGGERED | Motor thermistors (connected to the input TH1 - TH2) have detected a rise in motor temperature up to the threshold of protection. | The car stops with the mode defined by F33, then the elevator is set to Out of Service <br> Manual Alarm Reset required only if F12 is set to Manual |
| E16 | EXTERNAL ALARM 1 | The contact connected to the input EA1 is open (for example the alarm contact of the VVVF). | Out of Service <br> Normal operation is automatically reset when the contact closes, performing the Reset operation. |
| E17 | EXTERNAL ALARM 2 | The contact connected to the input EA2 is open (for example, the contact of the oil thermostat). | The lift stops at the end of the current travel and a subsequent leaving is prevented. Normal operation is automatically reset when the contact closes. |
| E18 | NO OPERATING VOLTAGE | There is no voltage at the input SC1 (upstream of the safety chain) | The lift stops and a subsequent leaving is prevented. <br> The lift returns the service automatically when the voltage is restored. |
| E20 | MAXIMUM TIME PHOTOCELL OR SAFETY EDGE INTERRUPTED | Contact connected to the input IP1 is open for a time greater than 20 sec . | Leaving is prevented as long as such condition is active. <br> Normal operation is automatically restored when the contact closes. |
| E21 | RETURN TO BOTTOM FLOOR FAILED IN HYDRAULIC | If the car couldn't move to reach the bottom floor | Out of Service <br> Manual Alarm Reset required |


| E22 | DOOR THERMISTOR | The thermistors connected to TH3-TH4 on ELEPLUS board have detected a very high temperature of the door motor. Alarm active only if function F59 EN81-20 is set to "YES" | The car stops in the mode defined by the function F33 and the lift is put out of service state. Manual alarm reset is required only if the function F12 is set to 'manual'. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E23 | DOOR CONTACTS | The control of the door contacts has failed. Alarm active only if function F59 EN81-20 is set to "YES" | ELESYS tries to open the door for a second time. If the test fails again, the car will not move from the floor. |
| E24 | PIT ACCESS | Pit access has occurred. <br> AIF state is shown on the display. Alarm active only if function F59 EN81-20 is set to "YES" | In this condition, only pit inspection operation is permitted. For returning to normal service it is necessary to reset the alarm as described in paragraph 1.5. |
| E25 | MICRO OPENING 1 | The brake micro switch 1 does not open with the system move. <br> Alarm active only if function F60 UCM Verify is set to "YES" | The lift is put out of service state at the end of the ride and the manual reset of the alarm is required |
| E26 | MICRO CLOSING 1 | The brake micro switch 1 does not close with system stop. <br> Alarm active only if function F60 UCM Verify is set to "YES" | The lift is put out of service state at the end of the ride and the manual reset of the alarm is required |
| E27 | MICRO OPENING 2 | The brake micro switch 2 does not open with the system move. <br> Alarm active only if function F60 UCM Verify is set to "YES" | The lift is put out of service state at the end of the ride and the manual reset of the alarm is required |
| E29 | MICRO CLOSING 2 | The brake micro switch 2 does not close with system stop. <br> Alarm active only if function F60 UCM Verify is set to "YES" | The lift is put out of service state at the end of the ride and the manual reset of the alarm is required |
| E28 | SAFETY CIRCUIT | Safety circuity does not work correctly. Alarm active only if function F59 EN81-20 is set to "YES" | "The lift is put out of service state at the end of the ride and the manual reset of the alarm is required |

## Out of service

In this condition the lift doesn't register any call and normally this state is not reversible in automatic.
If the lift is at door zone and the car has automatic doors, they are opened to make eventual people exit the car, then are closed again.
Eventual OS programmable output turns off in this condition.
The lift returns to normal operation after the alarm source is fixed and a Manual Alarm Reset is performed.

## - Manual Alarm Reset

1. Pressing $\leftarrow$ and $\rightarrow$ buttons in Diagnostic menu (see 3.3.2-Diagnostics). In this case all the alarms are deleted from the Diagnostic menu.
2. Executing an Inspection operation (see 3.2.3-Inspection Operation).

At the end of the operation the lift is not in a Out of service condition anymore, but alarms in Diagnostic are preserved.

## 8.3 - Functions

| F | FUNCTION | ALLOWED VALUES | DESCRIPTION | DEFAULT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F01 | TOP FLOOR | $1 \div$ MAX FLOOR | Set this function to the maximum floor number, according to the operation mode and the number of expansion boards connected to the system. | 11 |
| F02 | MAIN FLOOR | $0 \div \mathrm{FO} 1$ | Set the system main floor: any floor below the main floor has a negative number. <br> This parameter effects calls management in Down Collective operation; landing calls above the main floor are down calls, up calls otherwise. | 0 |
| F03 | OPERATION MODE | - APB: <br> - DOWN COLLECTIVE: <br> - FULL COLLECTIVE: <br> - HOME LIFT: <br> - A.P.B SX | Automatic Push-Button Operation. Collective Operation, one landing button per floor. Collective Operation, two landing buttons per floor. Operating mode for platforms. Special APB operation (collective for Car calls) | DOWN COLLECTIVE |
| F04 | DRIVE TYPE | - 1 SPEED - 2 SPEEDS - VVFF_STD - VVVFTKKK - HYDRAULIC | Sets the lift drive type. This setting effects the contactor activation sequence and the general lift behaviour. | VVVF_STD |
| F05 | DOOR TYPE | - MANUAL: SEMIAUTOMATIC: AUTOMATIC: | manual car and landing doors automatic car doors and manual landing doors automatic car and landing doors | AUTOMATIC |
| F06 | DOOR AT FLOOR | - OPEN DOORS <br> - CLOSED DOORS <br> - CLOSED AT F02 | Set the behaviour of doors when the lift is at floor without registered calls. <br> CLOSED AT F02 means: all doors normally open, except door at main floor F02, that is normally closed. | CLOSED DOORS |
| F07 | CAR ENTRANCES | $\begin{aligned} & -1 \\ & -2 \end{aligned}$ | Set the number of car entrances. For two car entrances ELEPLUS board and Serial Car Connection are mandatory. | 1 |
| F08 | DOOR OPENING Floor: 0 1 $\ldots$ F01 | - SIDE 1: <br> - SIDE 2: <br> - SIMULTANEOUS: <br> - SELECTIVE: <br> - NONE: | Set the automatic doors behaviour for every floor (see 5.5.3 - Automatic Door Control) <br> open side 1 door only. open side 2 door only. open both side 1 and 2 doors simultaneously. see 6.2-Selective Door Opening. no doors opened (for manual doors). | SIDE 1 |
| F09 | INSPECTION SPEED | - LOW: <br> - HIGH | ```(See 3.2.3 - Inspection Operation) Inspection speed is LS Inspection speed is HS; if F04 = VVVF Inspection speed is MV (M9)``` | HIGH |
| F10 | FORCE DOOR CLOSING | - NO: - YES: - CONSTANT: | normal operation close command stays active while the lift is moving close command is always active, deactivated only during the opening | NO |
| F11 | LAND CALL DELETE MODE | - SELECTIVE: <br> - SIMULTANEOUS: | Valid only for Full Collective operation. <br> arriving at floor, the call in the same direction as the car is cancelled. arriving at floor, both up and down calls are cancelled. | SELECTIVE |
| F12 | THERMISTOR RESET MODE | - MANUAL: <br> - AUTOMATIC: | normal operation is prevented until manual reset. normal operation is restored automatically 10 minutes after thermistors returning to normal status. | MANUAL |
| F13 | AUTOMATIC RETURN FOR TRACTION DRIVES | - NO: <br> - YES: <br> - BELOW TO F14: | disabled <br> enabled <br> enabled for floors below return floor | NO |
| F14 | AUTOMATIC RETURN FLOOR FOR TRACTION DRIVES | $0 \div \mathrm{FO} 1$ | Return Floor for traction drives. Valid only if F13 = YES | 0 |
| F15 | VIP CALL FLOOR | $0 \div$ F01 | After the activation of the VIC input the car reaches this floor. (See 3.2.8-VIP Call Operation) | 1 |
| F16 | STOP DELAY TIME | $0.0 \div 2.0 \mathrm{sec}$. | Delay between the detection of the stop zone and the main motor contactor drop. Use this delay to achieve perfect stop position. | 0.0 sec . |
| F17 | CONTACTOR OPEN DELAY | $0.0 \div 2.0 \mathrm{sec}$. | Valid only for VVVF drive. If RC input does not work; at stop, sets the delay between the deactivation of speed and direction commands. | 2.0 sec . |


| F | FUNCTION | ALLOWED VALUES | DESCRIPTION | DEFAULT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F18 | EMERGENCY STOP DELAY | $0.0 \div 2.0 \mathrm{sec}$. | Works as F16 but in Emergency operation. | 0.0 sec . |
| F19 | CAM FALL DELAY | $0.0 \div 2.0 \mathrm{sec}$. | Delay between the opening of the contactors at stop and the opening of the retiring cam relay (CAM). | 0.3 sec . |
| F20 | $\underset{\text { DELAY }}{\text { DOOR OPENING }}$ | $0.0 \div 2.0 \mathrm{sec}$. | Delay between the opening of the contactors at stop and command for door opening. <br> Use in lifts with automatic doors and retiring cam to ensure that the doors opening starts when the cam has already dropped. | 0.5 sec . |
| F21 | EMERGENCY MAXIMUM TIME | $1 \div 15 \mathrm{~min}$. | If Emergency operation does not finish within this time, it will be interrupted; to restore the operation disable the ROP input. | 15 min . |
| F22 | DOOR OPENING TIME | $1 \div 60 \mathrm{sec}$. | Protection of the door motor for opening; set to a time higher than the time normally required to fully open the doors, at least 1 second higher. | 10 sec. |
| F23 | DOOR CLOSING TIME | $1 \div 60 \mathrm{sec}$. | Protection of the door motor for closing; set to a time higher than the time normally required to fully close the doors, at least 2-3 second higher. | 10 sec . |
| F24 | HIGH SPEED TIME | $1 \div 45 \mathrm{sec}$. | During the run in high speed the time between floors is measured continuously by the board. If this time exceed the High Speed Time, alarm E09 is triggered. | 45 sec . |
| F25 | LOW SPEED TIME | $1 \div 45 \mathrm{sec}$. | During the run, the time the system is in low speed is always measured. If this time exceed the low speed time, alarm E10 is triggered. | 45 sec . |
| F26 | START DELAY TIME | $1 \div 60 \mathrm{sec}$. | Valid only for Collective operations. <br> Defines the stop time of the car at floor with the doors open before leaving for another call. | 2 sec. |
| F27 | OCCUPIED TIME | $1 \div 60 \mathrm{sec}$. | In the APB operation this sets the delay for Occupied signal to turn off at floor, and also disabling landing calls. In Collective operation, defines the stop time before reversing direction to serve calls in the opposite direction. It must be greater than the time set in F26. | 5 sec. |
| F28 | AUTOMATIC RETURN DELAY | $1 \div 15 \mathrm{~min}$. | Valid for both traction and hydraulic lifts. | 15 min . |
| F29 | GONG TIME | $0.1 \div 3.0 \mathrm{sec}$. | It is the time in which the acoustic signal of car coming at floor is active, at the beginning of door opening or after the stop in the case of manual doors. | 0.5 sec . |
| F30 | CAR LIGHT TIME | $1 \div 255$ time units | Controls the Car Light output and sets how long this output stays active after the Occupied turns off. <br> Time unit is set by F48, seconds by default. | 10 sec . |
| F31 | - | - | - | 0 |
| F32 | MAGNETIC SWITCH TYPE | - NORMALLY OPEN <br> - NORMALLY CLOSED | Defines USS and DSS switch type. <br> For NC contacts, at floor level, USS and DSS ELEMPU inputs are OFF. <br> ULS and DLS limit switches are always NORM. CLOSED. | NORMALLY OPEN |
| F33 | THERMISTOR STOP MODE | - END RUN <br> - STOP AT ONCE | Defines the stop mode of the car following a Thermistor Alarm | END RUN |
| F34 | RELEVELING STOP DELAY | $0.0 \div 2.0 \mathrm{sec}$. | Works as F16 but in Releveling operation. | 0.2 sec . |
| F35 | NEXT START DIRECTION MODE | - OFF during RUN: <br> - ON during RUN: | Valid only for Collective operations. <br> next direction signals are active from stop at floor until the next leaving. <br> next direction signals are on also during the run, indicating the car direction | OFF during RUN |
| F36 | EMERGENCY FLOOR | - NEXT FLOOR: <br> - BOTTOM FLOOR: | (See 3.2.7 - Emergency Operation) <br> Operation ends when car reaches USS and DSS Operation ends when car reaches USS, DSS and DLS. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { FLOOR } \end{aligned}$ |
| F37 | CONTACTOR CONTROL INPUT TYPE | - ACTIVE HIGH: <br> - ACTIVE LOW: | Choose the control logic of the contactor control according to the availability of auxiliary contacts. <br> H.connection to RC: parallel of main contact. NO contacts. L.connection to RC: series of main contactors NC contacts. | ACTIVE LOW |


| F | FUNCTION | ALLOWED VALUES | DESCRIPTION | DEFAULT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F38 | CONTACTOR CONTROL MODE | - UP \& DOWN: <br> - UP ONLY: | control is always done, both in up and down run. control is made only during up run: required for the hydraulic systems where there is no relay/contactor for down run, as the down valve is controlled downstream of the safety chain. | UP \& DOWN |
| F39 | LIFT GROUP | -1 Lift -2 Lifts -3 Lifts <br> - Lifts | Only valid in MULTIPLEX operation (see 6.1 - Multiplex Operation). <br> Set the number of the lift systems connected. | 1 Lift |
| F40 | LIFT NUMBER | $0 \div 3$ | Only valid in MULTIPLEX operation (see 6.1 - Multiplex Operation). <br> Identifies the car within a group: <br> $0=$ Lift 1, $1=$ Lift 2, $2=$ Lift 3, $3=$ Lift 4 | 0 |
| F41 | ZONE TIME OUT | $1 \div 255 \mathrm{sec}$. | Only valid in MULTIPLEX operation (see 6.1 - Multiplex Operation). <br> Indicates the maximum time one or more calls can wait to be assigned to a car; after this time, this calls priority increases. | $44 \mathrm{sec} .$. |
| F42 | ADVANCED DOOR OPENING | - NOT ACTIVE: <br> - ON SLOWDOWN: <br> - AT FLOOR: | advanced opening not enabled. <br> opening is commanded at slowdown. <br> An external safety circuit must provide the bypass of the door safety switches in the allowed door zone and enable the opening command at the suitable time <br> the opening is commanded at when the car reaches the door zone. An external safety circuit must provide the bypass of door safety switches in the allowed door zone. | NOT ACTIVE |
| F43 | MISSING FLOOR | - NONE <br> - BOTTOM FLOOR <br> - TOP FLOOR <br> - OTHER CAR BOTTOM <br> - OTHER CAR TOP | Only valid in MULTIPLEX operation (see 6.1 - Multiplex Operation). <br> In the particular case in which one car cannot reach an end floor, served instead by the other car. | NONE |
| F44 | FIRE-FIGHTER OPERATION MODE | - NONE <br> - EN81-72 <br> - EN81-73 | See 3.2.9 - Fire-Fighter Operation EN81-72 / EN81-73 | NONE |
| F45 | FIRE-FIGHTER FLOOR 1 | $0 \div$ F01 | See 3.2.9 - Fire-Fighter Operation EN81-72 / EN81-73 and the paragraph below | 0 |
| F46 | FIRE-FIGHTER FLOOR 2 | $0 \div$ F01 | See 3.2.9 - Fire-Fighter Operation EN81-72 / EN81-73 and the paragraph below | 0 |
| F47 | DOOR CLOSE IN PHASE 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { - NO } \\ & -\mathrm{YES} \end{aligned}$ | See 3.2.9-Fire-Fighter Operation EN81-72 / EN81-73 | NO |
| F48 | CAR LIGHT UNIT | - SECONDS <br> - MINUTES | Sets the unit of measurement for F30. Sets to minutes for longer car light time. | SECONDS |
| F49 | STAND-BY TIME | $0 \div 255$ min. | After this time, the system goes in stand-by mode. See 5.5.6 - Stand by for energy saving | 0 min . |
| F50 | RELEVELING TIME | $0 \div 255 \mathrm{sec}$. | If releveling operation time exceed this limit, an alarm E11 is triggered. | 10 sec . |
| F51 | EXTENSION | - NO: <br> - CALLS ONLY: <br> - CAR \& CALLS: | See 4-Board Configurations. <br> Parallel Car Connection, ELEMPU Standalone <br> Parallel Car Connection, ELEMPU + ELEXP <br> Serial Car Connection, ELEMPU + ELEPLUS (+ ELEXP if needed) | NO |
| F52 | DOOR CLOSE RETENTION DELAY | $0.0 \div 3.0 \mathrm{sec}$. | It's the time car door closing command holds ON, after the safety chain car door input SC4 is closed, in order to allow the complete mechanical closing. For manual doors it's the delay before to drive the retiring CAM once SC $\$$ is closed | 1.0 sec . |
| F53 | REMOTE DISPLAY | $\begin{aligned} & \text { - NO: } \\ & -7 \text { SEG: } \\ & -7 \text { SEG } \times 2 \text { 2: } \\ & -1 \text { OUT * FLOOR: } \end{aligned}$ | no ELEXP boards used as display driver one ELEXP works as 7 segments display driver two ELEXP work as 7 segments display driver one or more ELEXP work as 1 output per floor | NO |
| F54 | MAIN FLOOR DISPLAY | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-0: \\ & -1: \\ & -A, B, C \ldots: \end{aligned}$ | Main floor is 0 , the floors below are negative <br> Main floor is 1 and the floors below are negative ( 0 doesn't exist) <br> Main floor is a letter, the floors below are negative | 0 |


| F | FUNCTION | ALLOWED VALUES | DESCRIPTION | DEFAULT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F55 | DISPLAY DECODING | - BINARY - GRAY - SINGLE POLE - BINARY +1 | Set the decoding for display outputs on ELEMPU and ELEPLUS boards. <br> BINARY is $0-1-2-3 . \quad$ BINARI +1 is $1-2-3-5 \ldots$. | BINARY |
| F56 | STAR DELTA TIMER | $0.0 \div 3.0 \mathrm{sec}$. | Set time for Star-delta hydraulic drives. <br> See 5.5.5 - Star-delta start for Hydraulic drives. | 0.0 sec . |
| F57 | SOFT STOP TIMER | $0.0 \div 5.0 \mathrm{sec}$. | Set time for Soft stop function for hydraulic drives. If not used set to 0 . <br> See 5.5.7-Soft stop for Hydraulic drives. | 0.0 sec . |
| F58 | SHORT FLOOR | $\begin{array}{ll} \therefore \text { NO } \\ \therefore Y E S \end{array}$ | Short floor function. See chapter 5.5.8 | NO |
| F59 | EN81-20 | $\begin{array}{ll} \therefore & \text { NO } \\ \therefore Y E S \end{array}$ | Enable EN81-20 functions <br> See document "EKLESYS Application EN81-20" | NO |
| F60 | UCM Verify | $\begin{aligned} & \therefore \text { NO } \\ & \therefore \text { YES } \end{aligned}$ | UCM Function brake switches monitoring, not certified See document "EKLESYS Application EN81-20" | NO |
| F61 | Stop DLS-ULS | $\begin{aligned} & \therefore \text { NO } \\ & \therefore \text { YES } \end{aligned}$ | When in inspection, CAR stops on DLS or ULS limit switches | NO |

## 8.4-Electrical Specification

| WARNING! | DO NOT use any power source with voltage different from specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | DO NOT connect terminal OV to GROUND |
|  | SCC terminal (M12, M10 connectors) MUST BE CONNECTED TO GROUND |

### 8.4.1 - General Specifications

| SPECIFICATION |  | ELEMPU | ELEPLUS | ELEXP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Input | Voltage | 18 Vac or $24 \mathrm{Vdc} \pm 10 \%$ <br> Protected by replaceable 4A Fuse |  | $24 \mathrm{Vdc} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Terminals | 18~, 18~ (M13) | 18~, 18~ (M12) | 24X, OV (M12) |
| Power Output | Voltage | 24 Vdc from internal rectifier |  | - |
|  | Terminals | 24V, OV (M13) | 24X, OV (M12) | - |
| Generic Input | Voltage | 24 Vdc |  |  |
|  | Number | $\begin{gathered} 46 \\ (\mathrm{M} 2, \mathrm{M} 3, \mathrm{M} 4, \mathrm{M} 5, \mathrm{M} 6) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 28 \\ (\mathrm{M} 2, \mathrm{M} 3, \mathrm{M} 4) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12 \\ \text { (M2) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Thermistor Input | Terminals | TH1/TH2 (M6) | TH3/TH4 (M5) | - |
| Safety chain Input | Voltage | 24V-110V AC DC | - | - |
|  | Terminals | SCC SC1-SC5 (M12) |  |  |
| Transistor Output | Number | Registered / Incoming signal, Generic Output | 12 <br> Registered / Incoming signal, Generic Output | - |
|  | Terminals | U00-U11/D00-D11 (M3 and M4), Outputs (M7) | C00-C11 (M2), <br> Outputs (M6) |  |
|  | Voltage | 24 Vdc |  | - |
|  | Maximum Current | 250mA, short circuit protected |  |  |
|  | Max Current per group (12) | 1A |  |  |
| Relay Output Type 1 | Number | 5 Motor direction, Motor speed, Occupied signal or Car Light | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{2}{\text { Car Light, }} \\ \text { CAM control } \end{gathered}$ | - |


|  | Terminals | CA AD/AU (M10), CS LS/HS (M10), OC1/OC2 (M11) | OA1/OA2 (M8), OB1/OB2 (M9) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating | Max. Power (2000VA) <br> Rated Load (8A 250Vac / 8A 24Vdc) |  |  |
| Relay Output Type 2 | Number | 7 Door controls, Car position display signal | 9 <br> Door controls Side 1, Door controls Side 2, Car position display signal | 12 <br> Registered / Incoming signal or Display driver dry contact outputs |
|  | Terminals | CD DO/DC (M11), CP PB0-PB4 (M8) | CD1 DO1/DC1 (M11), CD2 DO2/DC2 (M10), CCD CB0-CB4 (M7) | CC C00-C11 |
|  | Rating | Max. Power (62,5VA/30W) <br> Rated Load (0,5A 125Vac / 1A 30Vdc) |  |  |
| Photocoupler Output | Number | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ \text { VVVF commands } \end{gathered}$ | - | - |
|  | Terminals | CV EMV/LSV/MSV/HSV/ADV/AUV (M9) |  |  |
| CAN BUS | Terminals | CAL/CAH/SH (M1 and M1A) | CAL/CAH/SH (M1) | CAL/CAH/SH (M1 and M2) |
| RS485 | Connector | CN1 | CN1 | - |
| USB Port | Connector | CN2 |  | - |

### 8.4.2 - Power Supply considerations

Power ELEMPU and ELEPLUS board directly from the 18~18~ terminals, even for DC power supply. Use terminals $\mathbf{2 4 V}$ or $\mathbf{2 4 X}$ only as an output to power external control panel logic.
As AC power source is recommended to use a dedicated secondary winding from a insulated transformer, independent from other AC voltages as, for example, safety chain operation voltage, and not referred to ground. For Serial Car connection, it is not recommended to connect output power terminals of ELEMPU and ELEPLUS together as $0 V$ or $\mathbf{2 4 V}$.

### 8.4.3 - ELEMPU, ELEPLUS I/O

Each Generic Input, Safety Chain Input and Thermistor Input status is indicated by a green LED.
Photocoupler output logic for VVVF drive is shown in Figure 12.
The load must be connected between the corresponding terminal and $\mathbf{O V}$, as indicated in the example in Figure 13 for the OS signal.


Figure 13


Figure 12

As a general rule, it is recommended to always connect a protection device in parallel to relays coils, contactors coils, electromagnets, or other similar magnetic devices, to protect the board against surges:

- Diodes for DC voltage loads
- Varistors or RC Filters for AC voltage loads, or when it is important to quickly de-energize the equipment.

For contactors, a good advice is to use the RC filter recommended by manufacturer.
ELEMPU Safety Chain Inputs and Motor Direction and Speed Outputs comply with Harmonized Standard EN81, so insulation distances allow for example to connect motor contactors downstream the safety circuits.

### 8.4.4 - ELEXP I/O

ELEXP Board Outputs are all relay based Normally Open dry contact.
To use this board as a call expansion, connect $24 X$ to relay common CC, as shown in Figure 14; also in this case make sure that all SW1 switches are set to ON.


Figure 14

### 8.4.5 - LED Indicators

On ELEXP and ELEPLUS board two indication led can be used for diagnostic purpose:

| RED LED | Blinking | The microprocessor is working |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| GREEN LED | Blinking | CAN communication OK |
|  | Off | CAN communication ERROR |

On ELEMPU board, only from M3BASE4 version, there are also two indication led:

| RED LED | Blinking | The microprocessor is working |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| GREEN LED | Blinking | CAN communication OK |
|  | On | CAN communication ERROR |
|  | Off | CAN disabled by parameters F39 F51 or F54 |

## 8.5 - Boards Layout

### 8.5.1 - ELEMPU



Dimensions: $120 \times 275 \times 32 \mathrm{~mm}-4,5 \mathrm{~mm} \varnothing$


Dimensions: $100 \times 200 \times 32 \mathrm{~mm}-4,5 \mathrm{~mm} \varnothing$

### 8.5.3 - ELEXP



Dimensions: $93 \times 120 \times 32 \mathrm{~mm}-4,5 \mathrm{~mm} \varnothing$

## 8.6 - CAN Bus

### 8.6.1 - Bus connection

ELESYS is a CAN Bus based system, and this communication bus requires that every device CAL and CAH terminal is connected in parallel.


Figure 15
CAN Bus impedance should be around $60 \Omega$, so every board has a Jumper that enables $120 \Omega$ in parallel, so only two jumper can be enabled in the system.
The boards have two CAN connectors (their terminals are in parallel to each other) to wire the boards of the system as a chain; enable resistance jumper always in the first and last board of the chain (the ones with one connector empty).
For Serial Car connection enable ELEMPU (JP1 on B) and ELEPLUS resistance (JP1 on B), for Parallel Car connection enable ELEMPU and the last ELEXP of the chain (JP2 on B).
To ensure the best functionality, use of twisted pair cable is recommended, use of twisted pair shielded cable for CAN connection is better, especially if VVVF drives are present ; connect cable shield to SH terminals.

### 8.6.2 - Board Address

In CAN BUS systems every board has an unique address.
You can set a board address through some hardware switches:

- For ELEXP SW2 Dipswitch, JP3 and JP4 Jumpers
- For ELEPLUS SW1 Dipswitch


## ELEXP

In ELEXP boards the address is set according to this table:

| SW2:2 | SW2:1 | JP3 | Address |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OFF | OFF | A | 0 |
| OFF | ON | A | 1 |
| ON | OFF | A | 2 |
| ON | ON | A | 3 |
| OFF | OFF | B | 4 |
| OFF | ON | B | 5 |
| ON | OFF | B | 6 |
| ON | ON | B | 7 |



JP4 jumper defines ELEXP Board function.

| JP4 | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | Normal call expansion |
| B | Display Driver (see 6.3 - ELEXP As Display Driver) |

## ELEPLUS

In ELEPLUS Board SW1 dipswitch behaves as SW2 in ELEXP board; there is no JP3 though, so only address numbers from 0 to 3 are available for this board.

## Multiplex Operation

In multiplex operation set every board dipswitch according to the lift group that it is assigned.
For ELEMPU the lift group is set by F40 function (see 6.1-Multiplex Operation).
For ELEXP (M3OPTX on PCB) is set by the last two switches of SW2, for ELEPLUS (M3EXPX on PCB) is set by the last two switches of SW1.

| sW2:4 | sW2:3 | Lift <br> Group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OFF | OFF | LIFT 1 |
| ON | OFF | LIFT 2 |
| OFF | ON | LIFT 3 |
| OFF | OFF | LIFT 4 |



Set lift group to one if multiplex operation is not active.

### 8.6.3 - Troubleshooting

CAN Bus impedance can be measured with a multimeter from CAL terminal to CAH terminal, with control panel disconnected from the power. Activate board jumpers until is $\sim 60 \Omega$ as described in 8.6.1-Bus connection.
In Serial Car connection configuration, if shielded cable is not available, is important that CAN signals travel as far as possible from power signals in the travelling cable, especially if any VVVF are present.
If the CAN communication is correct, in automatic operation on every connected board a green led should flash continuously.
If in any ELEXP or ELEPLUS board the green led does not flash, check if all the board address are correct according to the configuration used (see 4 - Board Configurations and 8.6.2 - Board Address).

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## DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer: SMS SISTEMI E MICROSISTEMI s.r.I.
Address: Via Guido Rossa, 46/48/50 - Loc. Crespellano 40053 Valsamoggia BO

Product: MICROPROCESSOR BOARDS FOR LIFT
Model/Type: ELESYS SYSTEM

The above mentioned products are in conformity to the requirements of the following European Directives:

- 2014/33/UE
LIFTS
- 2014/30/UE
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY
when installed following the instructions IN THE User's Manual.
To evaluate the conformity, the following STANDARDS have been taken into consideration:
- EN 81.1:1998+A3:2009(E)
- EN 81.2:1998+A3:2009(E)
- EN 81-20: 2014
- EN 81-50: 2014
- EN 12015: 2014
- EN 12016: 2013

Date: 12/07/2019


SMS SISTEMI e MICROSISTEMI s.r.I. (SASSI HOLDING group)<br>Via Guido Rossa, 46/48/50 Loc. Crespellano 40053 Valsamoggia BO - ITALY


[^0]:    $=\quad$ Mandatory wiring
    = If not used leave open
    P $=$ If not used connect to 24 V
    $=$ Only in Parallel Car connection
    $\mathrm{S}=$ Only in Serial Car connection
    NC = Normally Closed input
    NO $=$ Normally Open input
    $\mathrm{C}=$ Configurable input (NC or NO)

    - = Not used

[^1]:    X = Unconnected
    $\mathrm{T}=$ Transistor Output
    O = Optoisolated Output
    R = Relay Output

    * $=$ Voltage reference
    = Programmable Output
    $=$ Mandatory Connection

